



WL-5470POE

**54Mbps PoE Multi-Function
Wireless AP**

User's Manual




www.airlive.com

Declaration of Conformity


We, Manufacturer/Importer
OvisLink Corp.
5F., NO.6, Lane 130, Min-Chuan Rd.,
Hsin-Tien City, Taipei County, Taiwan

Declare that the product
802.11b/g Multi-Function Wireless Access Point
AirLive WL-5470POE
is in conformity with

In accordance with 89/336/EC Directive and 1999/5 EC-R & TTE Directive

<u>Clause</u>	<u>Description</u>
■ EN 300 328 v1.7.1 (2006-10)	Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wideband transmission equipment operating in the 2.4GHz ISM band And using spread spectrum modulation techniques; Part 1 : technical Characteristics and test conditions Part2 : Harmonized EN covering Essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive
■ EN 301 489-1 V1.6.1 (2005-09)	Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Electromagnetic compatibility(EMC) standard for radio equipment and
■ EN 301 489-17 V1.2.1 (2002-08)	Services; Part 17 : Specific conditions for wideband data and HIPERLAN equipment
■ EN 50371:2002	Generic standard to demonstrate the compliance of low power Electronic and electrical apparatus with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic field (10MHz – 300GHz) -General public
■ EN 50392:2004	Generic standard to demonstrate the compliance of electronic and electrical apparatus with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (0Hz – 300GHz)
■ EN 60950-1:2001+A11 :2004	Safety for information technology equipment including electrical business equipment
■ CE marking	

Manufacturer/Importer

Signature : 
Name : Albert Yeh
Position/ Title : Vice President

(Stamp)

Date : 2008/10/15

AirLive WL-5470POE CE Declaration Statement

Country	Declaration	Country	Declaration
cs Česky [Czech]	OvisLink Corp. tímto prohlašuje, že tento AirLive WL-5470POE je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími příslušnými ustanoveními směrnice 1999/5/ES.	lt Lietuvių [Lithuanian]	Šiuo OvisLink Corp. deklaruoja, kad šis AirLive WL-5470POE atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas.
da Dansk [Danish]	Undertegnede OvisLink Corp. erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr AirLive WL-5470POE overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.	nl Nederlands [Dutch]	Hierbij verklaart OvisLink Corp. dat het toestel AirLive WL-5470POE in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG.
de Deutsch [German]	Hiermit erkläre OvisLink Corp., dass sich das Gerät AirLive WL-5470POE in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet.	mt Malti [Maltese]	Hawnhekk, OvisLink Corp, jiddikjara li dan AirLive WL-5470POE jikkonforma mal-htigijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn rilevanti li hemm fid-Direttiva 1999/5/EC.
et Eesti [Estonian]	Käesolevaga kinnitab OvisLink Corp. seadme AirLive WL-5470POE vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevatele teistele asjakohastele sätetele.	hu Magyar [Hungarian]	Az OvisLink Corporation kijelenti, hogy az AirLive WL-5470POE megfelel az 1999/05/CE irányelv alapvető követelményeinek és egyéb vonatkozó rendelkezéseinek.
en English	Hereby, OvisLink Corp., declares that this AirLive WL-5470POE is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.	pl Polski [Polish]	Niniejszym OvisLink Corp oświadcza, że AirLive WL-5470POE jest zgodny z zasadniczymi wymogami oraz pozostałymi stosownymi postanowieniami Dyrektywy 1999/5/EC.
es Español [Spanish]	Por medio de la presente OvisLink Corp. declara que el AirLive WL-5470POE cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.	pt Português [Portuguese]	OvisLink Corp declara que este AirLive WL-5470POE está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.
el Ελληνική [Greek]	ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ OvisLink Corp. ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ AirLive WL-5470POE ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/EK.	sl Slovensko [Slovenian]	OvisLink Corp izjavlja, da je ta AirLive WL-5470POE v skladu z bistvenimi zahtevami in ostalimi relevantnimi določili direktive 1999/5/ES.
fr Français [French]	Par la présente OvisLink Corp. déclare que l'appareil AirLive WL-5470POE est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 1999/5/CE	sk Slovensky [Slovak]	OvisLink Corp týmto vyhlasuje, že AirLive WL-5470POE spĺňa základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES.
it Italiano [Italian]	Con la presente OvisLink Corp. dichiara che questo AirLive WL-5470POE è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 1999/5/CE.	fi Suomi [Finnish]	OvisLink Corp vakuuttaa täten että AirLive WL-5470POE tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen
lv Latviski [Latvian]	Ar šo OvisLink Corp. deklarē, ka AirLive WL-5470POE atbilst Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.	is Íslenska [Icelandic]	Hér með lýsir OvisLink Corp yfir því að AirLive WL-5470POE er í samræmi við grunnkröfur og aðrar kröfur, sem gerðar eru í tilskipun 1999/5/EC.
sv Svenska [Swedish]	Härmed intygar OvisLink Corp. att denna AirLive WL-5470POE står i överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.	no Norsk [Norwegian]	OvisLink Corp erklærer herved at utstyret AirLive WL-5470POE er i samsvar med de grunnleggende krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.

A copy of the full CE report can be obtained from the following address:

OvisLink Corp.
5F, No.6 Lane 130,
Min-Chuan Rd, Hsin-Tien City,
Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.

This equipment may be used in AT, BE, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR, DE, GR, HU, IE, IT, LV, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, SK, SI, ES, SE, GB, IS, LI, NO, CH, BG, RO, TR

Regulatory Information

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: To assure continued compliance, (example - use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices) any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

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1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

AirLive WL-5470POE is an IEEE802.11b/g compliant 11 Mbps & 54 Mbps Ethernet Wireless Access Point. The Wireless Access Point is equipped with two 10/100 M Auto-sensing Ethernet ports for connecting to LAN and also for cascading to next Wireless Access Point.

AirLive WL-5470POE provides 64/128bit WEP encryption, WPA and IEEE802.1x which ensures a high level of security to protect users' data and privacy. The MAC Address filter prevents the unauthorized MAC Addresses from accessing your Wireless LAN. Your network security is therefore double assured.

The web-based management utility is provided for easy configuration that your wireless network connection is ensured to be always solid and hassle free.

Wireless Client Isolation

The WL-5470POE features the new Wireless Client Isolation function previous available only in more expensive APs. When you enable this function, the wireless clients will not be able to see each other.

Therefore, it is an important function for office and Hotspot operator to protect the security between different wireless users.

ACK Timeout and TX Power Regulation

The WL-5470POE features ACK timeout function to let you adjust the timeout value for long distance operation. In addition, 5-level TX power adjustment let you match different antennas for law compliance. The ability to set lower TX output power is also crucial if you want to match the AP with external power amplifier.

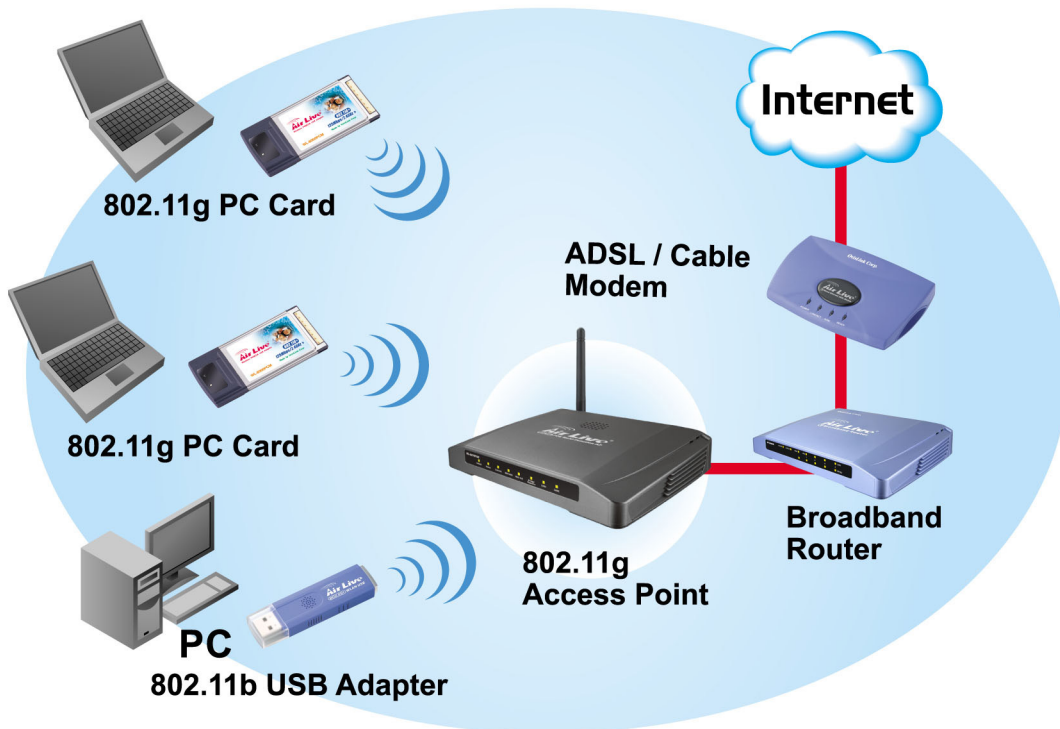
Extended Security Features

The WL-5470POE supports WEP, WPA and WPA2 security functions. In addition, WPA enterprise for 802.1x authenticator are featured for AP and WDS mode. The combination of Encryption, Hide SSID and Access Control ensures your wireless network is completely secured from intruder.

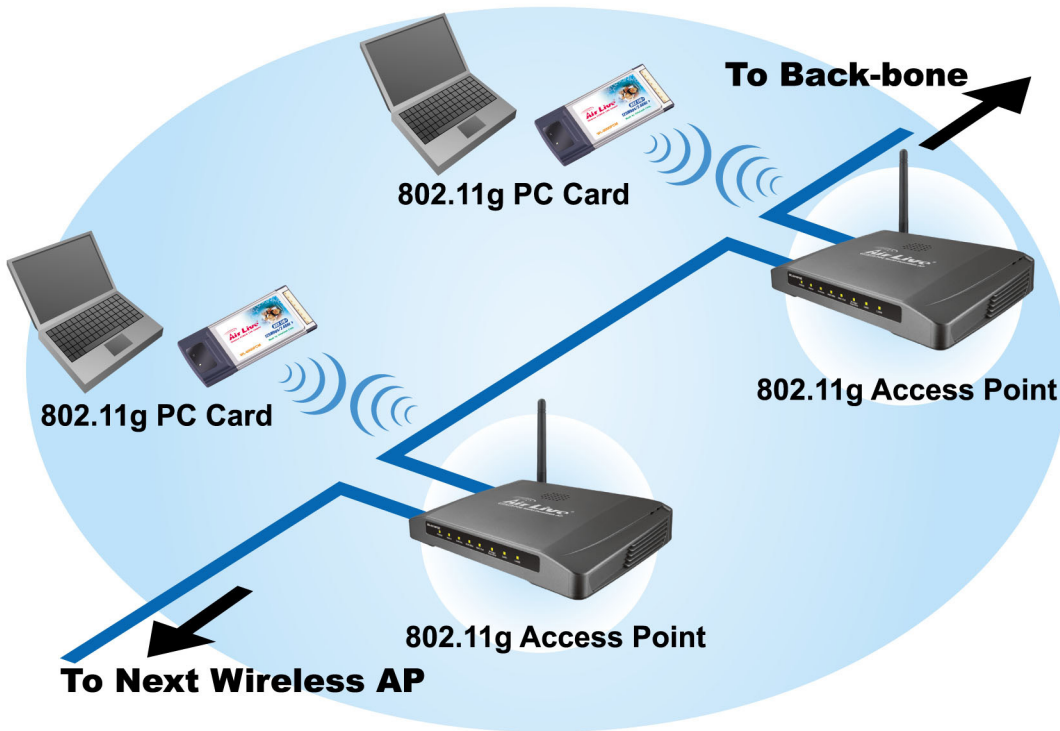
Whether it's for office or home environment, the AirLive 802.11g family bring you the maximum performance and security for today's high speed wireless network.

Application

Example 1



Example 2



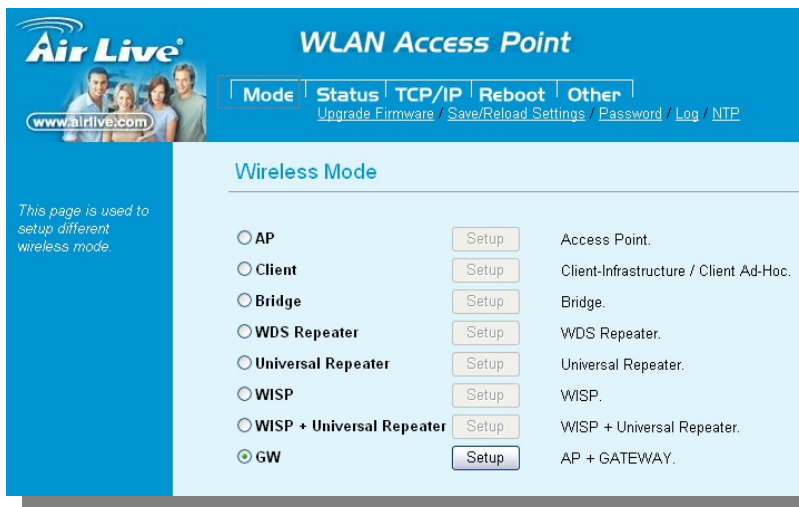
1.2 Firmware Features

AirLive Wireless AP Firmware Features The Most Powerful AP Firmware Ever!

WL-5470POE

As the leading global WISP solution provider, AirLive understands the application environments of WISP operators. As a result, we are constantly upgrading our AP's firmware to meet the changing demand of WISP operators. The firmware adds high end features not commonly found in the AP of this class. The AirLive multi-function Access Points not only work for long distance application, they work much better than the competitions.

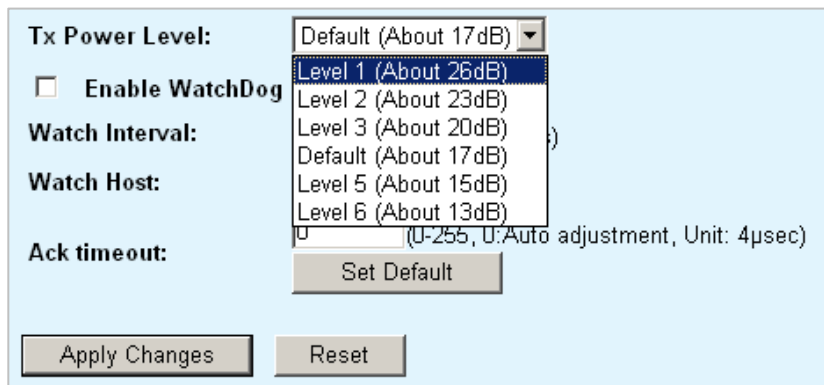
8 Wireless Operation Modes



The AirLive WL-5470POE can operate in 8 different wireless modes. It can work as a Wireless Router, AP, Client, Repeater, Bridge, and much more. Whether it is for home, office, or WISP; the AirLive AP has a solution for you.

Up to 400mW of Output Power*

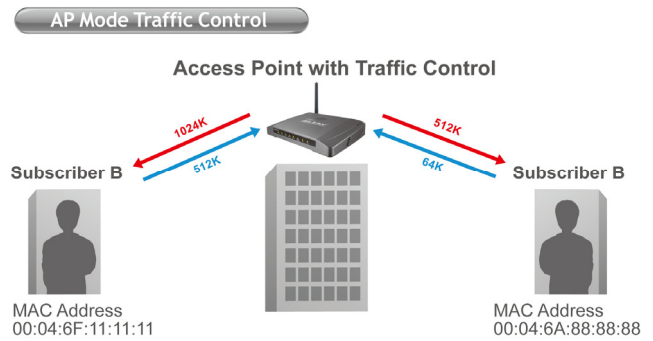
AirLive's high quality hardware let the AP expand its RF output power up to 26dBm using South American firmware. That's 4 times the output power of regular AP! It means much greater distance and coverage.



*** For South America only. Not available for other regions.**

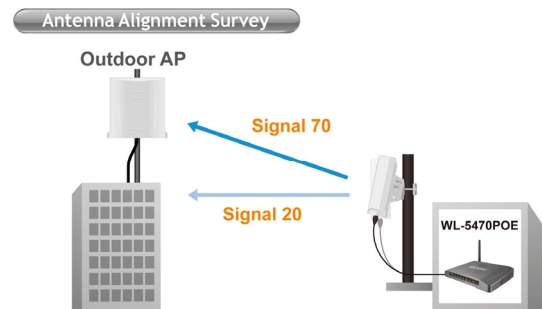
Traffic Control QoS Function

Traffic Control is a great tool to control the bandwidth of the WISP subscribers. Therefore, the WISP operators can offer different class of connection speeds for different subscription fees - just like the ADSL service! The AirLive advance Traffic Control firmware can control the bandwidth by Interface or IP/MAC.



Dynamic Signal Survey Function for Antenna Alignment

Having trouble align your antenna correctly to the other outdoor AP? The AirLive Wireless Signal Survey function tells you the receiving signal strength dynamically as your antenna turns. It automatically refreshes itself in the process, therefore, making antenna alignment much simpler than before.



Signal Survey

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal
airlive	00:50:18:21:d2:27	1 (B+G)	AP	no	83

Wireless Site Survey Connection Wizard

During a new WISP service installation, the installer will need to find out which outdoor AP provide the best signal in the area for connection. The AirLive wireless site survey function provides one step setup for this process. First, the site survey page shows which AP has the strongest the signal. Then the installer performs antenna alignment by using the signal survey function. At last, the installer simply clicks on "connect" button to establish connection. The site survey is available even in AP mode, so the installer can check the channels used by surrounding APs to avoid interferences.

Wireless Site Survey

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal	Select
testd	00:00:00:00:00:00	11 (B+G)	AP	WPA-PSK	100	<input type="radio"/>
Gateway	00:4f:00:00:00:00	11 (B+G)	AP	no	85	<input type="radio"/>
airlive	00:50:18:21:d2:27	1 (B+G)	AP	no	83	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
AirForce-2	0a:4:00:00:00:00	2 (B+G)	AP	no	82	<input type="radio"/>
AirLive	00:4:00:00:00:00	2 (B+G)	AP	no	82	<input type="radio"/>
Air-force-1	06:4f:00:00:00:00	2 (B+G)	AP	no	82	<input type="radio"/>
Freedom	00:05:00:00:00:00	6 (B)	AP	WEP	67	<input type="radio"/>
802.11g-SSID	00:e0:00:00:00:00	11 (B+G)	AP	no	63	<input type="radio"/>
CL-WLAN	00:1c:00:00:00:00	1 (B+G)	AP	WPA	62	<input type="radio"/>

Refresh Connect Signal Survey

Telnet Function

Some WISP operators prefer to use CLI command line for configurations. The firmware provides full command line feature via Telnet.

```

Telnet 192.168.0.123

Welcome ???

WL-5470AP> ip help
valid subcommands are:
-----
address subnetmask gateway dhcp dns ping status urlfilter ipfilter macfi
lter nat

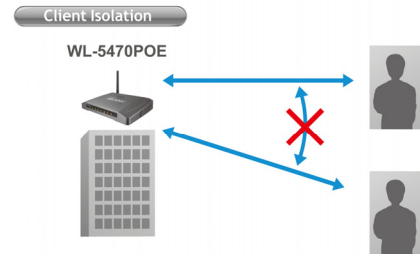
WL-5470AP>
    
```

SSH login

WL-5470POE provides SSH secure connection for remote management. The program SSH (Secure Shell) is a secure replacement for telnet. It provides an encrypted channel for logging into WL-5420POE over a network, executing commands on WL-5470POE from your workstation. SSH provides strong host-to-host and user authentication as well as secure encrypted communications over an insecure Internet.

Wireless Client Isolation

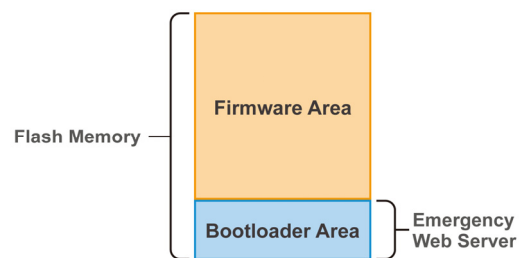
AirLive firmware's **Client Isolation** function protects the security and privacy of each individual subscriber. Therefore, subscriber does not need to worry about hacker attacks in the same wireless network.



Emergency Recovery

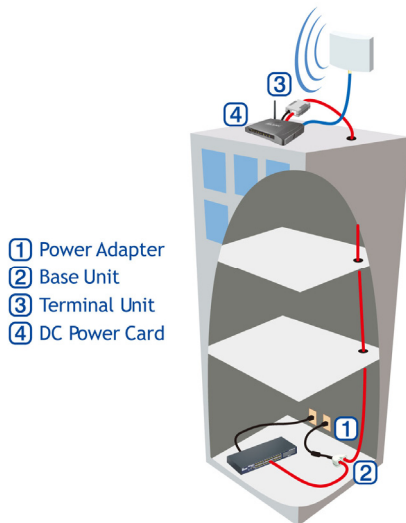
How many times your machine crashed and lost access completely?

The AirLive's Emergency web server function means you can recover your AP even during if the machine failed during a firmware upgrade. This greatly reduces the service loading for WISP operators.



Power over Ethernet

For applications that require user to put a network device (such as AP) in a place where there is no electrical outlet available, the Power over Ethernet is the best solution. Power over Ethernet allows both data and electricity to be transmitted over a Cat.5 UTP/STP cable at up to 100 meter of distance. This allows electronic devices to be placed in the outdoor or difficult to reach places, while utilizing the power source and the Ethernet network indoor.



1.3 Installing WL-5470POE

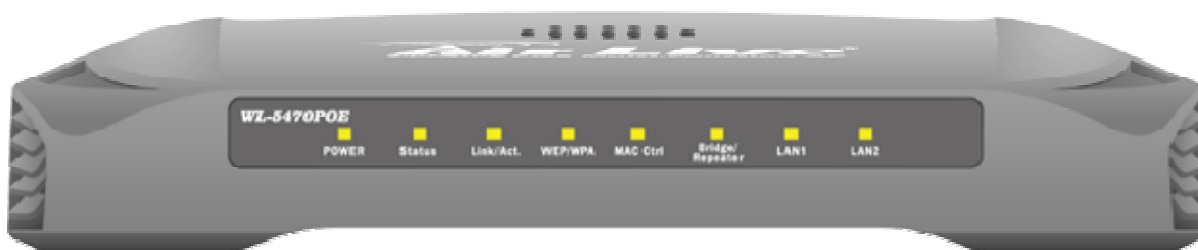
This section describes the installation procedure for the WL-5470POE. It starts with a summary of the content of the package you have purchased, followed by steps of how to power up and connect the WL-5470POE. Finally, this section explains how to configure a Windows PC to communicate with the WL-5470POE.

1.3.1 Package Content

The WL-5470POE package contains the following items:

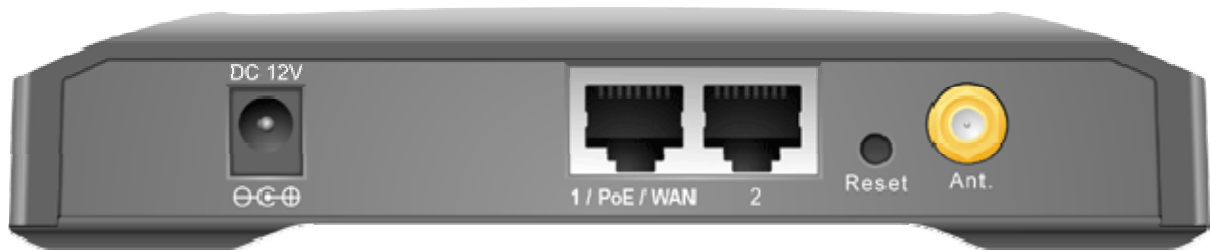
- ✓ One WL-5470POE main unit
- ✓ One 12V DC power adapter
- ✓ Indoor detachable Omni Antenna x 1
- ✓ One CD of the WL-5470POE
- ✓ Quick Start Guide

1.3.2 Hardware Presentation



LED #	Function	Color	Status	Description
Power	Power indication	Green	Solid	Power is being applied to this product.
Status	Firmware executions indicator	Green	On and Off	Turns solid green when the device is booting, after boot successfully, the light turn off.
Link/Act	LAN port activity	Green	Solid	Turns solid green when connected and associated to at least a client station.
			Blinking	Receiving/Sending data
WEP/WPA	Encryption Status	Green	Solid	Turns solid orange when wireless security is enabled.
MAC Ctrl	MAC Ctrl Status	Green	Solid	Turns solid light when MAC Control is enabled.
Bridge / Repeater	Bridge Repeater indicator	Green	Solid	Turn solid light when Bridge or Repeater is enabled.
LAN 1	Link activity	Green	Blinking	An active station is connected to the corresponding LAN port.
LAN 2				

Table 1: LED Indicators



A

B

C

D

Item #	Function	Description
A	Power Adaptor	12V 1A power supply adaptor delivered with product.
B	1/PoE/WAN	802.3af PoE LAN port or WAN port(Gateway Mode only)
C	LAN port 2	LAN port
D	(Factory) Reset	Press over 3 seconds to reboot this device. Press for over 10 seconds to restore factory settings. Performing the Factory Reset will erase all previously entered device settings.

Table 2: Connection Ports

1.3.3 Configuration Setups

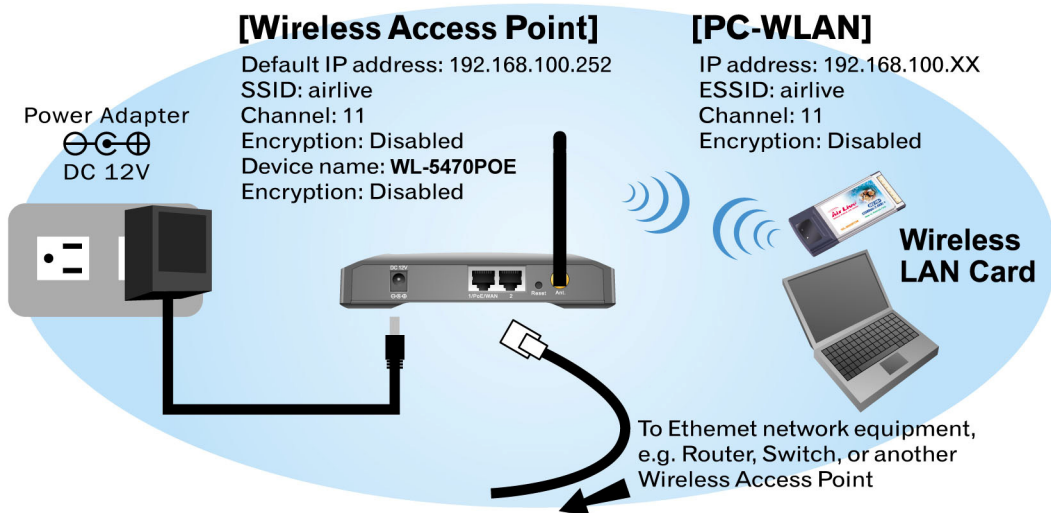
The factory default settings of WL-5470POE are as following:

Settings	Default Value
Device Name	WL-5470POE
Radio	802.11b/g
SSID	airlive
Channel	11
WEP	Disabled
IP Address	192.168.100.252
DHCP Server	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ In AP, Client, Bridge, WDS Repeater and Universal Repeater mode, the default DHCP Server is disabled, please set your PC's IP to the same subnet as the AP to access the AP. ➤ In WISP, WISP + Universal Repeater and Gateway mode, the default DHCP server is enabled. Please restart your PC to renew the IP address.
DHCP IP Range	192.168.100.100 ~ 192.168.100.200

Table 3: Default Setting

1.3.4 Hardware Connection

Note: Before you starting hardware connection, you are advised to find an appropriate location to place the Access Point. Usually, the best place for the Access Point is at the center of your wireless network, with line of straight to all your wireless stations. Also, remember to adjust the antenna; usually the higher the antenna is placed; the better will be the performance.



1. **Connect to your local area network:** connect an Ethernet cable to one of the Ethernet port (LAN1 or LAN2) of this Wireless Access Point, and the other end to a hub, switch, router, or another wireless access point.
2. **Power on the device:** connect the included AC power adapter to the Wireless Access Point's power port and the other end to a wall outlet.

Note: If you want to use PoE, please note that the PoE port is in port 1 and it is compatible with 802.3af standard (48VDC).



802.3af Power over Ethernet port

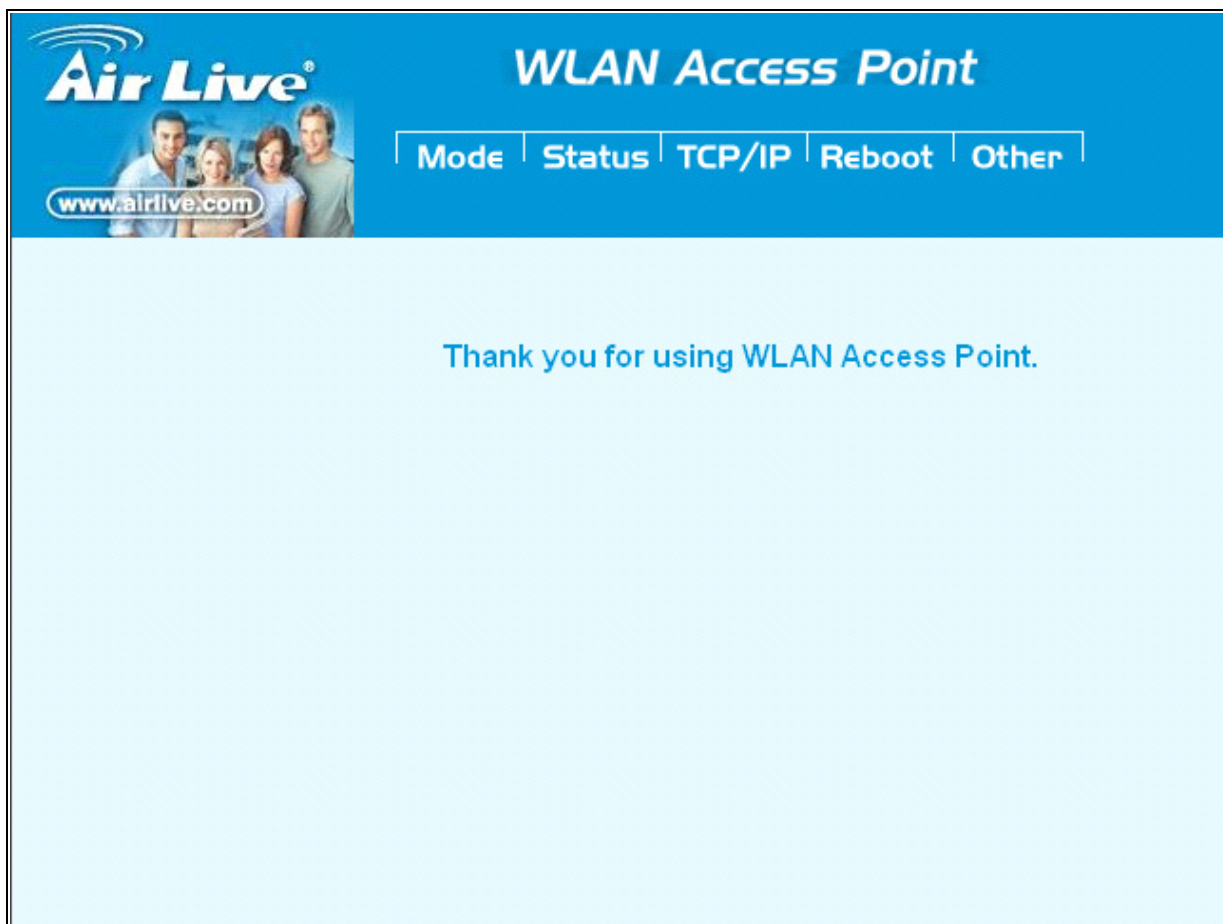
• **Check the LED:**

The Power and LAN # LED should be ON. LAN# LED will even blink if there is traffic.

The Link/Act LED will be on in static when associated with a station and blink whenever this AP receives data packets in the air.

If the Status LED glows after self-test, it means the Wireless Access Point fails on self test. Please ask your dealer for technical support.


- 1 Please make sure your computer IP is in the same subnet as the AP (i.e. 192.168.100.x).
- 2 Please make sure your computer has wireless network adapter installed.
- 3 Open the web browser and enter <http://192.168.100.252/>.




2. Operation Mode

The WL-5470POE device provides all 8 modes of wireless operational applications with:

Mode	Radio	LAN 1	LAN 2
AP	AP	LAN	LAN
Client	Client	LAN	LAN
Bridge	WDS	LAN	LAN
WDS Repeater	WDS + AP	LAN	LAN
Universal Repeater	AP + Client	LAN	LAN
WISP	Client Router	LAN	LAN
WISP + Universal Repeater	Client Router + AP	LAN	LAN
Gateway	AP+ Router	WAN	LAN



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WLAN Access Point

Mode
Status
TCP/IP
Reboot
Other

Wireless Mode

- AP**
- Client**
- Bridge**
- WDS Repeater**
- Universal Repeater**
- WISP**
- WISP + Universal Repeater**
- Gateway**

-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-

- Access Point.
- Client-Infrastructure / Client Ad-Hoc.
- Bridge.
- WDS Repeater.
- Universal Repeater.
- WISP.
- WISP + Universal Repeater.
- AP + Router.

This page is used to setup different wireless mode.

2.0 Change Operation Mode

WL-5470POE is default in AP mode. If the mode had been changed, click the “**Mode**” button to change back.

To change operation Mode:

1. Click on “**Mode**”
2. Select Operation Mode in the main page
3. Reboot device
4. Click Setup for detail configuration

The screenshot shows the 'WLAN Access Point' configuration page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Mode', 'Status', 'TCP/IP', 'Reboot', and 'Other' buttons. The 'Mode' button is highlighted with a red box. Below the navigation bar, the 'Wireless Mode' section is visible. On the left, a list of modes is shown with radio buttons: AP (selected), Client, Bridge, WDS Repeater, Universal Repeater, WISP, WISP + Universal Repeater, and Gateway. A red box highlights this list. To the right of each mode is a 'Setup' button. The 'Setup' button for the 'AP' mode is highlighted with a red box. A red arrow points from this 'Setup' button to a red box containing the text: 'After reboot, click "Setup" for detail configuration'. On the far left, a blue sidebar contains the text: 'This page is used to setup different wireless mode.'

Select Operation Mode and reboot the system

2.1 About the Operation Modes

This device provides four operational applications with **Access Point, Bridge, Client (Ad-hoc) and Client (Infrastructure)** modes, which are mutually exclusive.

This device is shipped with configuration that is functional right out of the box. If you want to change the settings in order to perform more advanced configuration or even change the mode of operation, you can use the web-based utility provided by the manufacturer as described in the following sections.

2.1.1 Access Point Mode

When acting as an access point, this device connects all the stations (PC/notebook with wireless network adapter) to a wired network. All stations can have the Internet access if only the Access Point has the Internet connection.

See the sample application below.



To set the operation mode to Access Point, please go to “**Mode**” field and select the “**AP**” mode.

The screenshot shows the web-based configuration utility for the Air Live device. The page title is 'WLAN Access Point'. There are navigation tabs for 'Mode', 'Status', 'TCP/IP', 'Reboot', and 'Other'. The 'Mode' tab is selected. The page content is titled 'Wireless Mode' and lists several options with radio buttons and 'Setup' buttons:

Mode	Setup	Description
<input checked="" type="radio"/> AP	Setup	Access Point.
<input type="radio"/> Client	Setup	Client-Infrastructure / Client Ad-Hoc.
<input type="radio"/> Bridge	Setup	Bridge.
<input type="radio"/> WDS Repeater	Setup	WDS Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> Universal Repeater	Setup	Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> WISP	Setup	WISP.
<input type="radio"/> WISP + Universal Repeater	Setup	WISP + Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> GW	Setup	AP + GATEWAY.

On the left side of the page, there is a logo for 'Air Live' and 'OvisLink Corp. www.ovislink.com.tw'. Below the logo, there is a note: 'This page is used to setup different wireless mode.'


2.1.2 Client Mode

If set to Client (Infrastructure) mode, this device can work like a wireless station when it's connected to a computer so that the computer can send packets from wired end to wireless interface.

Refer to the illustration below. This station (AP1 plus the connected computer 1) can associate to another Access Point (AP2), and then can have the Internet access if the other Access Point (AP2) has the Internet connection.



To set the operation mode to Client (Infrastructure), please go to “**Mode**” field and select the “**Client**” mode.



Air Live
OvisLink Corp.
www.ovislink.com.tw

WLAN Access Point

Mode | Status | TCP/IP | Reboot | Other

Wireless Mode

<input type="radio"/> AP	Setup	Access Point.
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Client	Setup	Client-Infrastructure / Client Ad-Hoc.
<input type="radio"/> Bridge	Setup	Bridge.
<input type="radio"/> WDS Repeater	Setup	WDS Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> Universal Repeater	Setup	Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> WISP	Setup	WISP.
<input type="radio"/> WISP + Universal Repeater	Setup	WISP + Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> GW	Setup	AP + GATEWAY.

This page is used to setup different wireless mode.

2.1.3 Bridge Mode

The WDS (Wireless Distributed System) function let this access point acts as a wireless LAN access point and repeater at the same time. Users can use this feature to build up a large wireless network in a large space like airports, hotels and schools ...etc. This feature is also useful when users want to bridge networks between buildings where it is impossible to deploy network cable connections between these buildings.



To set the operation mode to Client (Infrastructure), please go to “Mode” field and select the “Bridge” mode.

Air Live
OvisLink Corp.
www.ovislink.com.tw

WLAN Access Point

Mode | Status | TCP/IP | Reboot | Other

Wireless Mode

This page is used to setup different wireless mode.


<input type="radio"/> AP	Setup	Access Point.
<input type="radio"/> Client	Setup	Client-Infrastructure / Client Ad-Hoc.
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Bridge	Setup	Bridge.
<input type="radio"/> WDS Repeater	Setup	WDS Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> Universal Repeater	Setup	Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> WISP	Setup	WISP.
<input type="radio"/> WISP + Universal Repeater	Setup	WISP + Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> GW	Setup	AP + GATEWAY.

2.1.4 WDS Repeater

Refer to the illustration below. While acting as Bridges, AP1 (with Station 1 being associated to) and AP2 (with Station 2 being associated) can communicate with each other through wireless interface (with WDS). Thus Station 1 can communicate with Station 2 and both Station 1 and Station 2 are able to access the Internet if only AP1 or AP2 has the Internet connection.



To set the operation mode to Client (Infrastructure), please go to “**Mode**” field and select the “**WDS Repeater**” mode.



Air Live
OvisLink Corp.
www.ovislink.com.tw

WLAN Access Point

Mode | Status | TCP/IP | Reboot | Other

Wireless Mode

<input type="radio"/> AP	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	Access Point.
<input type="radio"/> Client	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	Client-Infrastructure / Client Ad-Hoc.
<input type="radio"/> Bridge	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	Bridge.
<input checked="" type="radio"/> WDS Repeater	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	WDS Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> Universal Repeater	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> WISP	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	WISP.
<input type="radio"/> WISP + Universal Repeater	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	WISP + Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> GW	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	AP + GATEWAY.

This page is used to setup different wireless mode.

2.1.5 Universal Repeater

An universal repeater can also extend the wireless coverage of another wireless AP or router. But the universal repeater does not require the remote device to have WDS function. Therefore, it can work with almost any wireless device.



To set the operation mode to Client (Infrastructure), please go to “**Mode**” field and select the “**Universal Repeater**” mode.

The screenshot shows the 'WLAN Access Point' configuration page for Air Live. The 'Mode' tab is selected. Under 'Wireless Mode', the 'Universal Repeater' option is selected with a radio button. Other options include AP, Client, Bridge, WDS Repeater, WISP, WISP + Universal Repeater, and GW. Each option has a 'Setup' button and a brief description.

Mode	Status	TCP/IP	Reboot	Other
Wireless Mode				
<input type="radio"/> AP	Setup	Access Point.		
<input type="radio"/> Client	Setup	Client-Infrastructure / Client Ad-Hoc.		
<input type="radio"/> Bridge	Setup	Bridge.		
<input type="radio"/> WDS Repeater	Setup	WDS Repeater.		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Universal Repeater	Setup	Universal Repeater.		
<input type="radio"/> WISP	Setup	WISP.		
<input type="radio"/> WISP + Universal Repeater	Setup	WISP + Universal Repeater.		
<input type="radio"/> GW	Setup	AP + GATEWAY.		

2.1.6 WISP (Client Router) mode

In WISP mode, the AP will behave just the same as the Client mode for wireless function. However, router functions are added between the wireless WAN side and the Ethernet LAN side. Therefore, the WISP subscriber can share the WISP connection without the need for extra router.



To set the operation mode to Client (Infrastructure), please go to “**Mode**” field and select the “**WISP**” mode.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for an Air Live WLAN Access Point. The title is 'WLAN Access Point'. Below the title are navigation tabs: 'Mode', 'Status', 'TCP/IP', 'Reboot', and 'Other'. The 'Mode' tab is selected. The main content area is titled 'Wireless Mode' and lists several options, each with a radio button and a 'Setup' button:

Mode	Description
<input type="radio"/> AP	Access Point.
<input type="radio"/> Client	Client-Infrastructure / Client Ad-Hoc.
<input type="radio"/> Bridge	Bridge.
<input type="radio"/> WDS Repeater	WDS Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> Universal Repeater	Universal Repeater.
<input checked="" type="radio"/> WISP	WISP.
<input type="radio"/> WISP + Universal Repeater	WISP + Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> GW	AP + GATEWAY.


On the left side of the interface, there is a note: 'This page is used to setup different wireless mode.' The logo for 'Air Live' and 'OvisLink Corp.' is visible in the top left corner.

2.1.7 WISP + Universal Repeater mode

In this mode, the AP behaves virtually the same as the WISP mode, except one thing: the AP can also send wireless signal to the LAN side. That means the AP can connect with the remote WISP AP and the indoor wireless card, and then provide IP sharing capability all at the same time!



To set the operation mode to Client (Infrastructure), please go to “**Mode**” field and select the “**WISP + Universal Repeater**” mode.



OvisLink Corp.
www.ovislink.com.tw

WLAN Access Point

Mode | Status | TCP/IP | Reboot | Other

Wireless Mode

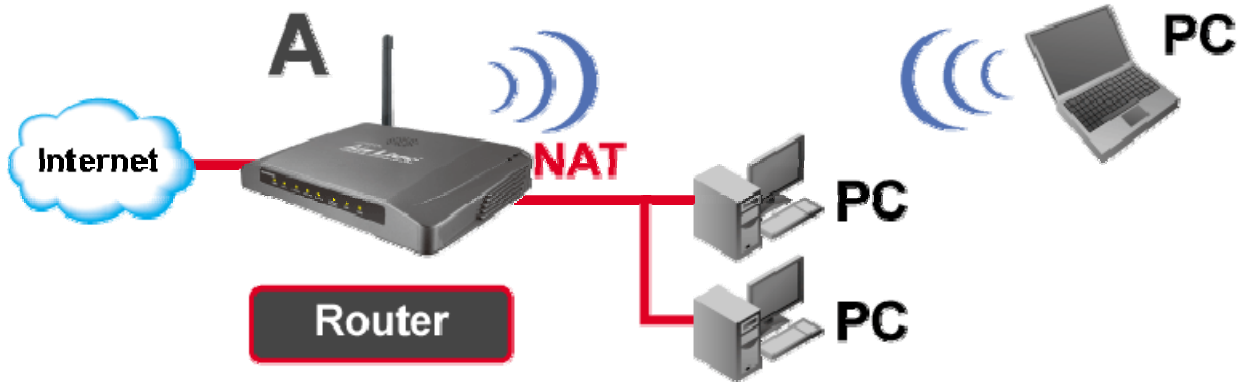
<input type="radio"/> AP	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	Access Point.
<input type="radio"/> Client	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	Client-Infrastructure / Client Ad-Hoc.
<input type="radio"/> Bridge	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	Bridge.
<input type="radio"/> WDS Repeater	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	WDS Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> Universal Repeater	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> WISP	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	WISP.
<input checked="" type="radio"/> WISP + Universal Repeater	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	WISP + Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> GW	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>	AP + GATEWAY.

This page is used to setup different wireless mode.

2.1.8 Gateway (AP + Router)

In this mode, router functions are added between one Ethernet port and the other network interface. The radio is an AP mode which allow wireless client to share the internet connection.

To set the operation mode to Client (Infrastructure), please go to “Mode” field and select the “Gateway” mode.



To set the operation mode to “GW Mode”, Please go to “Mode → GW” and click the Setup button for configuration.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for an Air Live WLAN Access Point. The page title is 'WLAN Access Point' and the logo is 'Air Live' by OvisLink Corp. The page is divided into sections: 'Mode', 'Status', 'TCP/IP', 'Reboot', and 'Other'. The 'Wireless Mode' section is active, showing a list of modes with radio buttons and 'Setup' buttons. The 'GW' mode is selected.

Mode	Setup	Description
<input type="radio"/> AP	Setup	Access Point.
<input type="radio"/> Client	Setup	Client-Infrastructure / Client Ad-Hoc.
<input type="radio"/> Bridge	Setup	Bridge.
<input type="radio"/> WDS Repeater	Setup	WDS Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> Universal Repeater	Setup	Universal Repeater.
<input type="radio"/> WISP	Setup	WISP.
<input type="radio"/> WISP + Universal Repeater	Setup	WISP + Universal Repeater.
<input checked="" type="radio"/> GW	Setup	AP + GATEWAY..

This section guides you to configure the mode of the Radio interface.

3.1 Access Point Mode Settings

- **Alias Name:** Another name for WL-5470POE.
- **Disable Wireless LAN Interface:** Check the box to disable the Wireless LAN Interface, by so doing, you won't be able to make wireless connection with this Access Point in the network you are located. In other words, this device will not be visible by any wireless station.
- **Band:** You can choose one mode of the following you need.
 - Ⓐ 2.4GHz (B): 802.11b supported rate only.
 - Ⓑ 2.4GHz (G): 802.11g supported rate only.
 - Ⓒ 2.4GHz (B+G): 802.11b supported rate and 802.11g supported rate.

The default is 2.4GHz (B+G) mode.

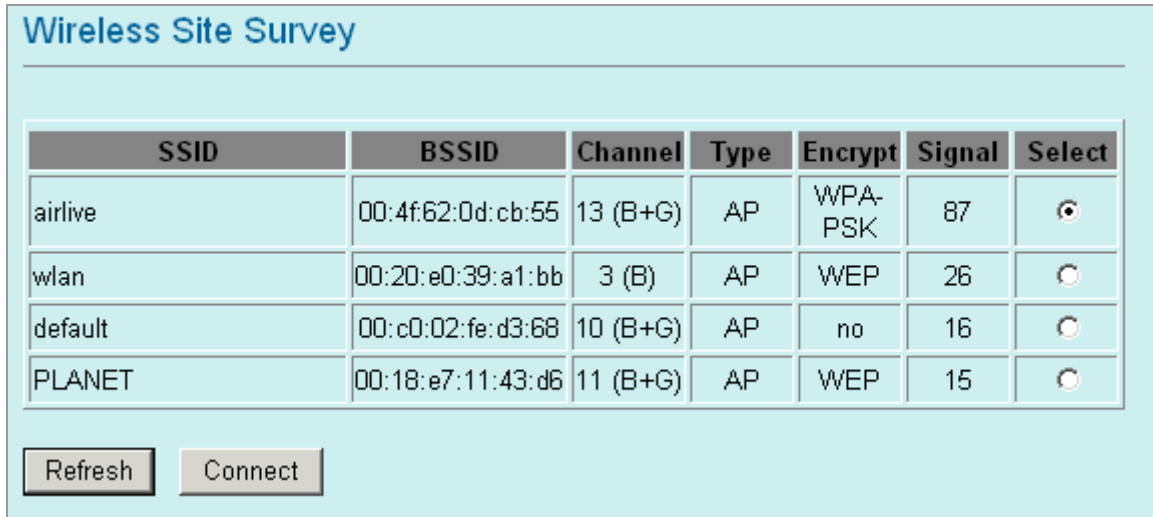
- **SSID (Network ID):** The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another; therefore, all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. An SSID is also referred to as a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.

In this mode, the SSID is provided for client connection.

- **Channel Number:** Allow user to set the channel manually or automatically. If set channel manually, just select the channel you want to specify. If "Auto" is selected, user can set the channel range to have Wireless Access Point automatically survey and choose the channel with best situation for

communication. The number of channels supported depends on the region of this Access Point. All stations communicating with the Access Point must use the same channel.

- **Wireless Client Isolation:** This is to separate wireless client if needed. Wireless clients can not communicate to each other if the field is enabled.
- **Site Survey:** Site survey helps to find out available access point around. You can also check to prevent using same SSID or channel with other AP.



The image shows a screenshot of a 'Wireless Site Survey' interface. At the top, the title 'Wireless Site Survey' is displayed in blue. Below the title is a table with the following columns: SSID, BSSID, Channel, Type, Encrypt, Signal, and Select. The table contains four rows of data. Below the table are two buttons: 'Refresh' and 'Connect'.

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal	Select
airlive	00:4f:62:0d:cb:55	13 (B+G)	AP	WPA-PSK	87	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
wlan	00:20:e0:39:a1:bb	3 (B)	AP	WEP	26	<input type="radio"/>
default	00:c0:02:fe:d3:68	10 (B+G)	AP	no	16	<input type="radio"/>
PLANET	00:18:e7:11:43:d6	11 (B+G)	AP	WEP	15	<input type="radio"/>

Refresh Connect

To configure the security connection, please refer to Section 3.9 Wireless Security Settings

To configure the Advanced Settings, please refer to Section 3.10 Advanced Wireless Settings

To configure the access control, please refer to Section 3.11 Access Control Settings

To configure the Traffic Control, please refer to Section 3.12 Access Control Settings

3.2 Client Mode Settings

Client Mode Settings

Alias Name:

Disable Wireless LAN Interface

Band:

Network Type:

SSID:

Channel Number:

Auto Mac Clone (Single Ethernet Client)

Manual MAC Clone Address:

Security:

Advanced Settings:

Traffic Control(QoS):

- **Alias Name:** Another name for WL-5470POE.
- **Disable Wireless LAN Interface:** Check the box to disable the Wireless LAN Interface, by so doing, you won't be able to make wireless connection with this Access Point in the network you are located. In other words, this device will not be visible by any wireless station.
- **Band:** You can choose one mode of the following you need.
 - Ⓐ 2.4GHz (B): 802.11b supported rate only.
 - Ⓑ 2.4GHz (G): 802.11g supported rate only.
 - Ⓒ 2.4GHz (B+G): 802.11b supported rate and 802.11g supported rate.

The default is 2.4GHz (B+G) mode.

- **SSID (Network ID):** The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another; therefore, all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. An SSID is also referred to as a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.

In this mode, the SSID is the available remote Access Point to connect to.

- **Channel Number:** Allow user to set the channel manually or automatically. If set channel manually, just select the channel you want to specify. If "Auto" is selected, user can set the channel range to have Wireless Access Point automatically survey and choose the channel with best situation for communication. The number of channels supported depends on the region of this Access Point. All stations communicating with the Access Point must use the same channel.

- **Auto Mac Clone (Single Ethernet Client):** If your ISP restricts service to PCs only, use the MAC Clone feature to copy a PC Media Access Control (MAC) address to your router. This procedure will cause the router to appear as a single PC, while allowing online access to multiple computers on your network.
- **Manual MAC Clone Address:** You can also manually provide MAC address to the router. This solves the problem if you have more than one PC which need to access the internet..
- **Site Survey:** Site survey helps to find out available access point around. You can also check to prevent using same SSID or channel with other AP.

Wireless Site Survey

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal	Select
airlive	00:4f:62:0d:cb:55	13 (B+G)	AP	WPA-PSK	87	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
wlan	00:20:e0:39:a1:bb	3 (B)	AP	WEP	26	<input type="radio"/>
default	00:c0:02:fe:d3:68	10 (B+G)	AP	no	16	<input type="radio"/>
PLANET	00:18:e7:11:43:d6	11 (B+G)	AP	WEP	15	<input type="radio"/>

Refresh Connect

- To configure the security connection, please refer to [Section 3.9 Wireless Security Settings](#)
- To configure the Advanced Settings, please refer to [Section 3.10 Advanced Wireless Settings](#)
- To configure the access control, please refer to [Section 3.11 Access Control Settings](#)
- To configure the Traffic Control, please refer to [Section 3.12 Access Control Settings](#)

3.3 Bridge Mode Settings

Bridge Mode Settings

Alias Name:

Disable Wireless LAN Interface

Band:

Channel Number:

802.1d Spanning Tree:

WDS Security:

Advanced Settings:

AP MAC Address:

Comment:

AP MAC List:

MAC Address	Comment	Select
00:4f:62:03:da:a1	Node 1	<input type="checkbox"/>
00:4f:62:03:da:ce	Node 2	<input type="checkbox"/>

- **Alias Name:** Another name for WL-5470POE.
- **Disable Wireless LAN Interface:** Check the box to disable the Wireless LAN Interface, by so doing, you won't be able to make wireless connection with this Access Point in the network you are located. In other words, this device will not be visible by any wireless station.
- **Band:** You can choose one mode of the following you need.
 - ⊙ 2.4GHz (B): 802.11b supported rate only.
 - ⊙ 2.4GHz (G): 802.11g supported rate only.
 - ⊙ 2.4GHz (B+G): 802.11b supported rate and 802.11g supported rate.

The default is 2.4GHz (B+G) mode.
- **Channel Number:** Allow user to set the channel manually or automatically. If set channel manually, just select the channel you want to specify. If "Auto" is selected, user can set the channel range to have Wireless Access Point automatically survey and choose the channel with best situation for communication. The number of channels supported depends on the region of this Access Point. All stations communicating with the Access Point must use the same channel.
- **802.1d Spanning Tree:** Spanning tree is to prevent bridge loop when there are multiple active paths between network nodes. Bridge loop could cause connection fail or broadcast storm. Spanning tree

allows a network design to include spare (redundant) links to provide automatic backup paths if an active link fails, without the danger of bridge loops, or the need for manual enabling/disabling of these backup links.

- **AP MAC Address:** Fill the MAC address of the remote WDS node which you want to connect to.
- **Site Survey:** Use this button to find out the remote WDS node and check the signal strength. It helps to build up your WDS network correctly.

Wireless Site Survey

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal	Select
airlive	00:4f:62:0d:cb:55	13 (B+G)	AP	WPA-PSK	87	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
wlan	00:20:e0:39:a1:bb	3 (B)	AP	WEP	26	<input type="radio"/>
default	00:c0:02:fe:d3:68	10 (B+G)	AP	no	16	<input type="radio"/>
PLANET	00:18:e7:11:43:d6	11 (B+G)	AP	WEP	15	<input type="radio"/>

To configure the security connection, please refer to [Section 3.9 Wireless Security Settings](#)

To configure the Advanced Settings, please refer to [Section 3.10 Advanced Wireless Settings](#)

To configure the access control, please refer to [Section 3.11 Access Control Settings](#)

To configure the Traffic Control, please refer to [Section 3.12 Access Control Settings](#)

3.4 WDS Repeater Mode Settings

WDS Repeater Mode Settings

Alias Name:

Disable Wireless LAN Interface

Band:

SSID:

Channel Number:

Wireless Client Isolation:

802.1d Spanning Tree:

Security:

WDS Security:

Advanced Settings:

Access Control:

AP MAC Address:

Comment:

AP MAC List:

MAC Address	Comment	Select
00:4f:62:03:da:a1	Node 1	<input type="checkbox"/>
00:4f:62:03:da:ce	Node 2	<input type="checkbox"/>

- **Alias Name:** Another name for WL-5470POE.
- **Disable Wireless LAN Interface:** Check the box to disable the Wireless LAN Interface, by so doing, you won't be able to make wireless connection with this Access Point in the network you are located. In other words, this device will not be visible by any wireless station.
- **Band:** You can choose one mode of the following you need.
 - Ⓒ 2.4GHz (B): 802.11b supported rate only.
 - Ⓒ 2.4GHz (G): 802.11g supported rate only.
 - Ⓒ 2.4GHz (B+G): 802.11b supported rate and 802.11g supported rate.

The default is 2.4GHz (B+G) mode.

- **SSID (Network ID):** Provide SSID for wireless client survey and connection. The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another; therefore, all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific

WLAN must use the same SSID. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. An SSID is also referred to as a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.

In this mode, the SSID is provided for wireless client connection.

- **Channel Number:** Allow user to set the channel manually or automatically. If set channel manually, just select the channel you want to specify. If “Auto” is selected, user can set the channel range to have Wireless Access Point automatically survey and choose the channel with best situation for communication. The number of channels supported depends on the region of this Access Point. All stations communicating with the Access Point must use the same channel.
- **802.1d Spanning Tree:** Spanning tree is to prevent bridge loop when there are multiple active paths between network nodes. Bridge loop could cause connection fail or broadcast storm. Spanning tree allows a network design to include spare (redundant) links to provide automatic backup paths if an active link fails, without the danger of bridge loops, or the need for manual enabling/disabling of these backup links.
- **AP MAC Address:** Fill the MAC address of the remote WDS node which you want to connect to.
- **Site Survey:** Use this button to find out the remote WDS node and check the signal strength. It helps to build up you WDS network correctly.

Air Live WLAN Access Point

Mode | Status | TCP/IP | Reboot | Other

[Upgrade Firmware](#) / [Save/Reload Settings](#) / [Password](#) / [Log](#) / [NTP](#)

Wireless Site Survey

This page is used to setup different wireless mode.

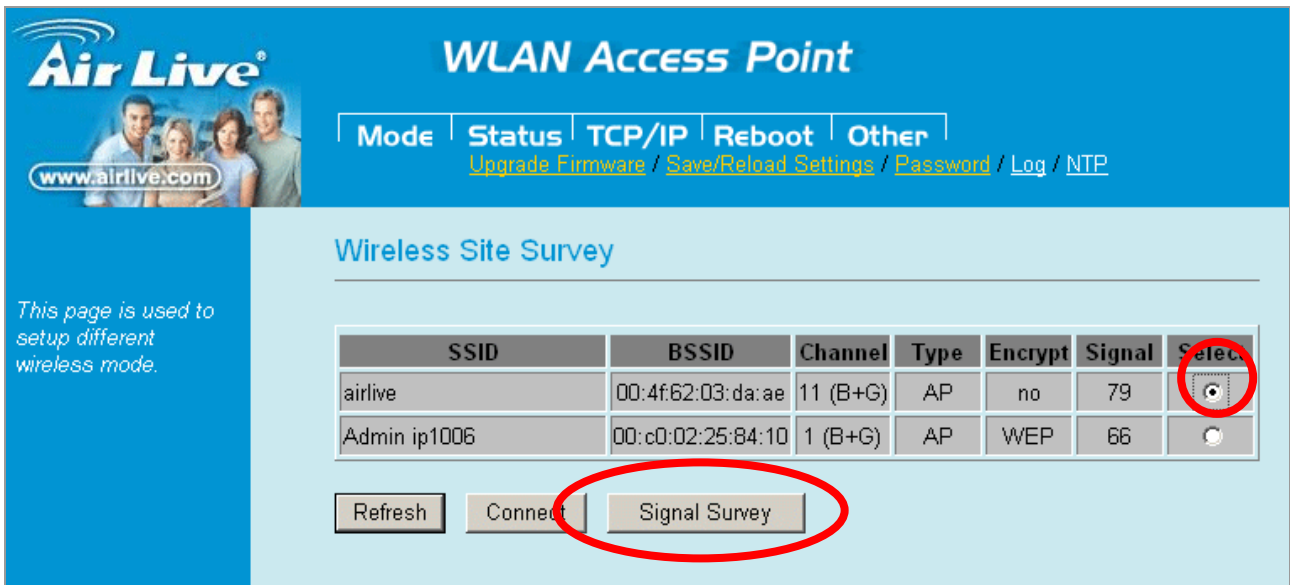
SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal	Select
airlive	00:4f:62:03:da:ae	11 (B+G)	AP	no	79	<input type="radio"/>
Admin ip1006	00:c0:02:25:84:10	1 (B+G)	AP	WEP	66	<input type="radio"/>

Refresh | Connect | Signal Survey

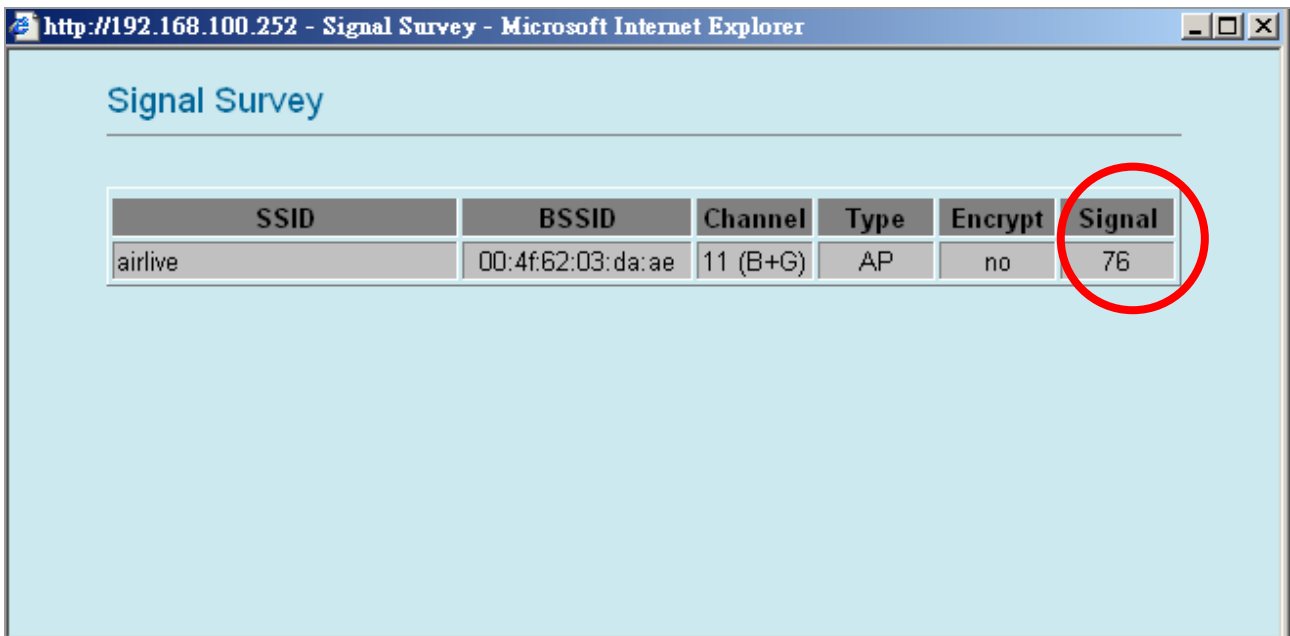
You can also use the Signal survey for alignment.

To do this,

1. Select the surveyed device in the list.
2. The “Signal Survey” button then enabled.



3. Click on “**Signal Survey**” button.
4. A pop up page shows the signal strength.



5. The signal strength refresh every 3 seconds, you can then change your antenna for a better signal.

To configure the security connection, please refer to Section 3.9 Wireless Security Settings
To configure the Advanced Settings, please refer to Section 3.10 Advanced Wireless Settings
To configure the access control, please refer to Section 3.11 Access Control Settings
To configure the Traffic Control, please refer to Section 3.12 Access Control Settings

3.5 Universal Repeater Mode Settings

Universal Repeater Mode Settings

Alias Name:

Disable Wireless LAN Interface

Band:

SSID:

Channel Number:

Wireless Client Isolation:

SSID of Extended Interface:

802.1d Spanning Tree:

Security:

Advanced Settings:

Access Control:

- **Alias Name:** Another name for WL-5470POE.
- **Disable Wireless LAN Interface:** Check the box to disable the Wireless LAN Interface, by so doing, you won't be able to make wireless connection with this Access Point in the network you are located. In other words, this device will not be visible by any wireless station.
- **Band:** You can choose one mode of the following you need.
 - Ⓐ 2.4GHz (B): 802.11b supported rate only.
 - Ⓑ 2.4GHz (G): 802.11g supported rate only.
 - Ⓒ 2.4GHz (B+G): 802.11b supported rate and 802.11g supported rate.

The default is 2.4GHz (B+G) mode.

- **SSID (Network ID):** Provide SSID for wireless client survey and connection. The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another; therefore, all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. An SSID is also referred to as a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.

This field is to provide for wireless client connection.

- **Channel Number:** Allow user to set the channel manually or automatically. If set channel manually, just select the channel you want to specify. If "Auto" is selected, user can set the channel range to have Wireless Access Point automatically survey and choose the channel with best situation for communication. The number of channels supported depends on the region of this Access Point. All stations communicating with the Access Point must use the same channel.
- **SSID of Extended Interface:** This field is the SSID of remote Access Point to connect to.

- **802.1d Spanning Tree:** Spanning tree is to prevent bridge loop when there are multiple active paths between network nodes. Bridge loop could cause connection fail or broadcast storm. Spanning tree allows a network design to include spare (redundant) links to provide automatic backup paths if an active link fails, without the danger of bridge loops, or the need for manual enabling/disabling of these backup links.
- **Site Survey:** Use this button to find out the remote Access Point and check the signal strength.

Wireless Site Survey

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal	Select
airlive	00:4f:62:0d:cb:55	13 (B+G)	AP	WPA-PSK	87	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
wlan	00:20:e0:39:a1:bb	3 (B)	AP	WEP	26	<input type="radio"/>
default	00:c0:02:fe:d3:68	10 (B+G)	AP	no	16	<input type="radio"/>
PLANET	00:18:e7:11:43:d6	11 (B+G)	AP	WEP	15	<input type="radio"/>

- To configure the security connection, please refer to Section 3.9 Wireless Security Settings**
- To configure the Advanced Settings, please refer to Section 3.10 Advanced Wireless Settings**
- To configure the access control, please refer to Section 3.11 Access Control Settings**
- To configure the Traffic Control, please refer to Section 3.12 Access Control Settings**

3.6 WISP Mode Settings

WISP Mode Settings

Alias Name:

Disable Wireless LAN Interface

Band:

SSID:

Security:

Advanced Settings: **Client Mode Settings**

Wan Port: **Router Settings**

Virtual Server:

Special Application:

DMZ:

Remote Management:

Traffic Control(QoS):

- **Alias Name:** Another name for WL-5470POE.
- **Disable Wireless LAN Interface:** Check the box to disable the Wireless LAN Interface, by so doing, you won't be able to make wireless connection with this Access Point in the network you are located. In other words, this device will not be visible by any wireless station.
- **Band:** You can choose one mode of the following you need.
 - Ⓐ 2.4GHz (B): 802.11b supported rate only.
 - Ⓑ 2.4GHz (G): 802.11g supported rate only.
 - Ⓒ 2.4GHz (B+G): 802.11b supported rate and 802.11g supported rate.

The default is 2.4GHz (B+G) mode.

- **SSID (Network ID):** The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another; therefore, all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. An SSID is also referred to as a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.

In this mode, the SSID is the remote WISP CPE to connect to.

- **WAN Port:** WL-5470POE provides 4 methods for client to access the internet. This depends on the location and the service which the ISP provides. You need to contact the ISP for detail information.

WAN Port Configuration

WAN Access Type: DHCP Client ▾
Static IP automatically
DHCP Client usually
PPPoE
PPTP
L2TP

DNS 1:

DNS 2:

DNS 3:

Clone MAC Address: 000000000000

- Respond to WAN Ping
- Enable UPnP
- Enable IPsec pass through on VPN connection
- Enable PPTP pass through on VPN connection
- Enable L2TP pass through on VPN connection

Save Reset

Some ISP/WISP has special inquire for TTL feature that did not decrease the TTL value when pass the first router of ISP/WISP.

When using PPPoE for WAN access, WL-5470POE provides flexible configuration for TTL value. The default value is 255 and does not have to change in a normal situation. You can check with your ISP/WISP if TTL value causes connection problem.

WAN Port Configuration

WAN Access Type: PPPoE

User Name:

Password:

Service Name: (optional)

Authentication Type: PAP

MPPE Encryption Level: None

Connection Type: Continuous

Connect
Disconnect

Idle Time: 5 (1-1000 minutes)

MTU Size: 1452 (1400-1492 bytes)

TTL: Equal

TTL Value: (1-255)

Set DNS Automatically

Set DNS Manually

DNS 1:

- **Virtual Server:** You can use Virtual Server Settings to provide connection on internet. For example, you can have your own web server at home and provide access on internet. This will need port 80 by default for Virtual Server Settings.

Virtual Servers

Enable Virtual Servers

Servers: New

Local IP Address:

Protocol: New

Port Range:

Description:

Save
Reset

Current Virtual Servers Table:	Local IP Address	Protocol	Port Range	Description	Select
Delete Selected Delete All Reset					

- **Special Application:** This is to enable internet service such as sound, video and so on. The routing firewall often stops these services for security reason.

- **DMZ:** You can use DMZ Settings to provide connection on internet. For example, you can have your own web server at home and provide access on internet. This will need port 80 by default for Virtual Server Settings.
- **Remote Management:** This is to configure WL-5470POE be managed from internet. Note that port 80 is always used by web service. You can change the port to prevent conflict.

Remote Management

Enable Web Server Access via WAN

Port Number:

- **Site Survey:** Site survey helps to find out available access point around. You can also check to prevent using same SSID or channel with other AP.

Wireless Site Survey

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal	Select
airlive	00:4f:62:0d:cb:55	13 (B+G)	AP	WPA-PSK	87	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
wlan	00:20:e0:39:a1:bb	3 (B)	AP	WEP	26	<input type="radio"/>
default	00:c0:02:fe:d3:68	10 (B+G)	AP	no	16	<input type="radio"/>
PLANET	00:18:e7:11:43:d6	11 (B+G)	AP	WEP	15	<input type="radio"/>

To configure the security connection, please refer to Section 3.9 Wireless Security Settings

To configure the Advanced Settings, please refer to Section 3.10 Advanced Wireless Settings

To configure the access control, please refer to Section 3.11 Access Control Settings

To configure the Traffic Control, please refer to Section 3.12 Access Control Settings

3.7 WISP + Universal Mode Settings

WISP + Universal Repeater Mode Settings

Alias Name:

Disable Wireless LAN Interface

Band: ▼

SSID:

SSID of Extended Interface:

Enable Encryption On: ▼

Security:

Advanced Settings: **Repeater Mode Settings**

Wan Port: **Router Settings**

Virtual Server:

Special Application:

DMZ:

Remote Management:

Traffic Control(QoS):

- **Alias Name:** Another name for WL-5470POE.
- **Disable Wireless LAN Interface:** Check the box to disable the Wireless LAN Interface, by so doing, you won't be able to make wireless connection with this Access Point in the network you are located. In other words, this device will not be visible by any wireless station.
- **Band:** You can choose one mode of the following you need.
 - Ⓐ 2.4GHz (B): 802.11b supported rate only.
 - Ⓑ 2.4GHz (G): 802.11g supported rate only.
 - Ⓒ 2.4GHz (B+G): 802.11b supported rate and 802.11g supported rate.

The default is 2.4GHz (B+G) mode.

- **SSID (Network ID):** The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another; therefore, all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. An SSID is also referred to as a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.

In this mode, the SSID is the remote WISP CPE to connect to.

- **Site Survey:** Site survey helps to find out available access point around. You can also check to prevent using same SSID or channel with other AP.

Wireless Site Survey

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal	Select
airlive	00:4f:62:0d:cb:55	13 (B+G)	AP	WPA-PSK	87	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
wlan	00:20:e0:39:a1:bb	3 (B)	AP	WEP	26	<input type="radio"/>
default	00:c0:02:fe:d3:68	10 (B+G)	AP	no	16	<input type="radio"/>
PLANET	00:18:e7:11:43:d6	11 (B+G)	AP	WEP	15	<input type="radio"/>

Refresh Connect

- **SSID of Extended Interface:** This field is the SSID of remote Access Point to connect to.
- **WAN Port:** Allow user to set the channel manually or automatically. If set channel manually, just select the channel you want to specify. If “Auto” is selected, user can set the channel range to have Wireless Access Point automatically survey and choose the channel with best situation for communication. The number of channels supported depends on the region of this Access Point. All stations communicating with the Access Point must use the same channel.
- **WAN Port:** WL-5470POE provides 4 methods for client to access the internet. This depends on the location and the service which the ISP provides. You need to contact the ISP for detail information.

WAN Port Configuration

WAN Access Type: automatically

DNS 1:

DNS 2:

DNS 3:

Clone MAC Address:

Respond to WAN Ping

Enable UPnP

Enable IPsec pass through on VPN connection

Enable PPTP pass through on VPN connection

Enable L2TP pass through on VPN connection

Save Reset

Some ISP/WISP has special inquire for TTL feature that did not decrease the TTL value when pass the first router of ISP/WISP.

When using PPPoE for WAN access, WL-5470POE provides flexible configuration for TTL value. The default value is 255 and does not have to change in a normal situation. You can check with your ISP/WISP if TTL value causes connection problem.

WAN Port Configuration

WAN Access Type:

User Name:

Password:

Service Name: (optional)

Authentication Type:

MPPE Encryption Level:

Connection Type:

Idle Time: (1-1000 minutes)

MTU Size: (1400-1492 bytes)

TTL: (1-255)

TTL Value:

DNS 1:

- **Virtual Server:** You can use Virtual Server Settings to provide connection on internet. For example, you can have your own web server at home and provide access on internet. This will need port 80 by default for Virtual Server Settings.

Virtual Servers

Enable Virtual Servers

Servers:

Local IP Address:

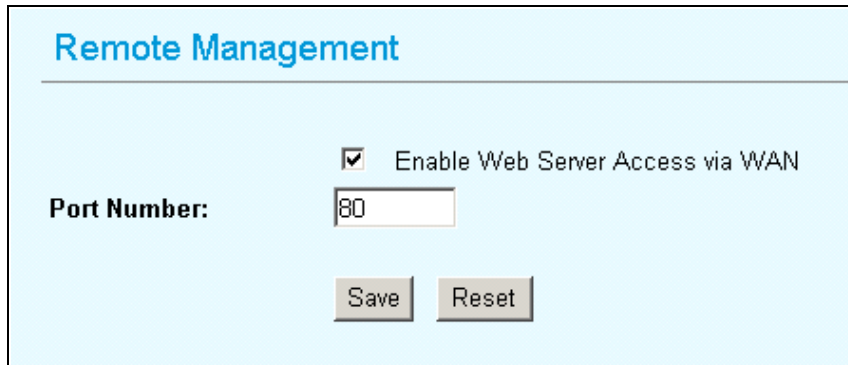
Protocol:

Port Range:

Description:

Local IP Address	Protocol	Port Range	Description	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/> <input type="button" value="Delete All"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/>				

- **Special Application:** This is to enable internet service such as sound, video and so on. The routing firewall often stops these services for security reason.
- **DMZ:** You can use DMZ Settings to provide connection on internet. For example, you can have your own web server at home and provide access on internet. This will need port 80 by default for Virtual Server Settings.
- **Remote Management:** This is to configure WL-5470POE be managed from internet. Note that port 80 is always used by web service. You can change the port to prevent conflict.



Remote Management

Enable Web Server Access via WAN

Port Number:

To configure the security connection, please refer to Section 3.9 Wireless Security Settings

To configure the Advanced Settings, please refer to Section 3.10 Advanced Wireless Settings

To configure the access control, please refer to Section 3.11 Access Control Settings

To configure the Traffic Control, please refer to Section 3.12 Access Control Settings

3.8 Gateway Mode (AP + Router) Settings

Important Notice: When change to Gateway mode, the LAN 2 becomes to WAN port.

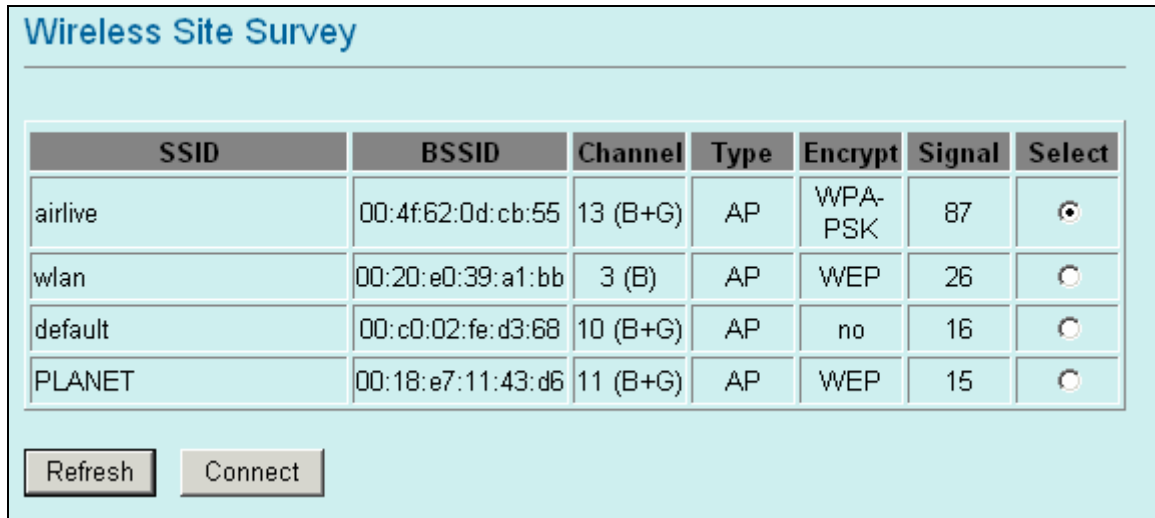
GW Mode Settings

Alias Name:	<input type="text" value="Wireless_AP"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Disable Wireless LAN Interface	
Band:	<input type="text" value="2.4 GHz (B+G)"/>
SSID:	<input type="text" value="airlive"/> <input type="button" value="Site Survey"/>
Channel Number:	<input type="text" value="13"/>
Wireless Client Isolation:	<input type="text" value="Disabled"/>
Security:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Advanced Settings:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Access Control:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
AP Mode Settings	
Wan Port:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Virtual Server:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Special Application:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
DMZ:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Remote Management:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Dynamic DNS:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Ping:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
DoS Setting:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Diagnostics:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
URL Filtering:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
MAC Filtering:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
IP Filtering:	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Traffic Control(QoS):	<input type="button" value="Setup"/>
Router Settings	

- **Alias Name:** Another name for WL-5470POE.
- **Disable Wireless LAN Interface:** Check the box to disable the Wireless LAN Interface, by so doing, you won't be able to make wireless connection with this Access Point in the network you are located. In other words, this device will not be visible by any wireless station.
- **Band:** You can choose one mode of the following you need.
 - ⊙ 2.4GHz (B): 802.11b supported rate only.
 - ⊙ 2.4GHz (G): 802.11g supported rate only.
 - ⊙ 2.4GHz (B+G): 802.11b supported rate and 802.11g supported rate.

The default is 2.4GHz (B+G) mode.

- **Site Survey:** Site survey helps to find out available access point around. You can also check to prevent using same SSID or channel with other AP.



Wireless Site Survey

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Type	Encrypt	Signal	Select
airlive	00:4f:62:0d:cb:55	13 (B+G)	AP	WPA-PSK	87	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
wlan	00:20:e0:39:a1:bb	3 (B)	AP	WEP	26	<input type="radio"/>
default	00:c0:02:fe:d3:68	10 (B+G)	AP	no	16	<input type="radio"/>
PLANET	00:18:e7:11:43:d6	11 (B+G)	AP	WEP	15	<input type="radio"/>

Refresh Connect

- **SSID (Network ID):** The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another; therefore, all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. An SSID is also referred to as a network name because essentially it is a name that identifies a wireless network.

In this mode, the SSID is provided for client connection.

- **Channel Number:** Allow user to set the channel manually or automatically. If set channel manually, just select the channel you want to specify. If “Auto” is selected, user can set the channel range to have Wireless Access Point automatically survey and choose the channel with best situation for communication. The number of channels supported depends on the region of this Access Point. All stations communicating with the Access Point must use the same channel.
- **Wireless Client Isolation:** This is to separate wireless client if needed. Wireless clients can not communicate to each other if the field is enabled.
- **Site Survey:** Site survey helps to find out available access point around. You can also check to prevent using same SSID or channel with other AP.
- **WAN Port (LAN1):** WL-5470POE provides 4 methods for client to access the internet. This depends on the location and the service which the ISP provides. You need to contact the ISP for detail information.

WAN Port Configuration

WAN Access Type: DHCP Client ▾
Static IP automatically
DHCP Client automatically
PPPoE manually
PPTP
L2TP

DNS 1:

DNS 2:

DNS 3:

Clone MAC Address: 000000000000

- Respond to WAN Ping
- Enable UPnP
- Enable IPsec pass through on VPN connection
- Enable PPTP pass through on VPN connection
- Enable L2TP pass through on VPN connection

Save Reset

Some ISP/WISP has special inquire for TTL feature that did not decrease the TTL value when pass the first router of ISP/WISP.

When using PPPoE for WAN access, WL-5470POE provides flexible configuration for TTL value. The default value is 255 and does not have to change in a normal situation. You can check with your ISP/WISP if TTL value causes connection problem.

WAN Port Configuration

WAN Access Type: PPPoE

User Name:

Password:

Service Name: (optional)

Authentication Type: PAP

MPPE Encryption Level: None

Connection Type: Continuous

Connect
Disconnect

Idle Time: 5 (1-1000 minutes)

MTU Size: 1452 (1400-1492 bytes)

TTL: Equal

TTL Value: (1-255)

Set DNS Automatically
 Set DNS Manually

DNS 1:

- **Virtual Server:** You can use Virtual Server Settings to provide connection on internet. For example, you can have your own web server at home and provide access on internet. This will need port 80 by default for Virtual Server Settings.

Virtual Servers

Enable Virtual Servers

Servers: New

Local IP Address:

Protocol: New

Port Range:

Description:

Save
Reset

Current Virtual Servers Table:	Local IP Address	Protocol	Port Range	Description	Select
Delete Selected Delete All Reset					

- **Special Application:** This is to enable internet service such as sound, video and so on. The routing firewall often stops these services for security reason.

- **DMZ:** You can use DMZ Settings to provide connection on internet. For example, you can have your own web server at home and provide access on internet. This will need port 80 by default for Virtual Server Settings.
- **Remote Management:** This is to configure WL-5470POE be managed from internet. Note that port 80 is always used by web service. You can change the port to prevent conflict.
- **Dynamic DNS:** Dynamic DNS (DDNS) allows you to create a hostname that points to your dynamic IP or static IP address or URL. WL-5470POE provide Dynamic DNS client using DynDNS, please visit <http://www.dyndns.org> for detail.
- **Ping:** You can enable to the "Response to WAN Ping" to allow remotely ping your WL-5470POE.
- **DoS Setting:** In WL-5470POE, a denial-of-service attack (DoS attack) can block or limit the system sending network flood to your local computer.
- **Diagnostics:** The nslookup command can be used in diagnostics to find the IP addresses of a particular computer, using DNS lookup. The name means "name server lookup". The most common version of the program is included as part of the BIND package.
- **URL Filtering:** The URL filter database is used for internet filtering that blocks access to unwanted web content by URLs.
- **MAC Filtering:** Enables you to allow or deny Internet access to users within the LAN based upon the MAC address of their network interface.
- **IP Filtering:** The IP filter function enables you to define a minimum and maximum IP address range filter; all IP addresses falling within the range are not allowed Internet access

To configure the security connection, please refer to Section 3.9 Wireless Security Settings

To configure the Advanced Settings, please refer to Section 3.10 Advanced Wireless Settings

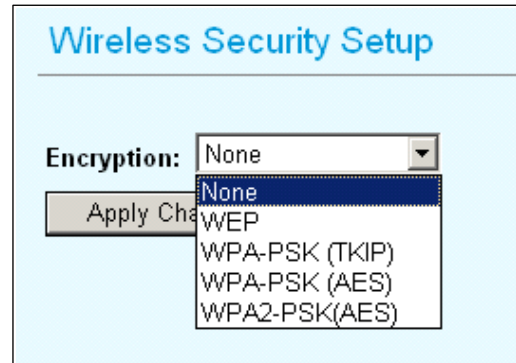
To configure the access control, please refer to Section 3.11 Access Control Settings

To configure the Traffic Control, please refer to Section 3.12 Access Control Settings

3.9 Wireless Security

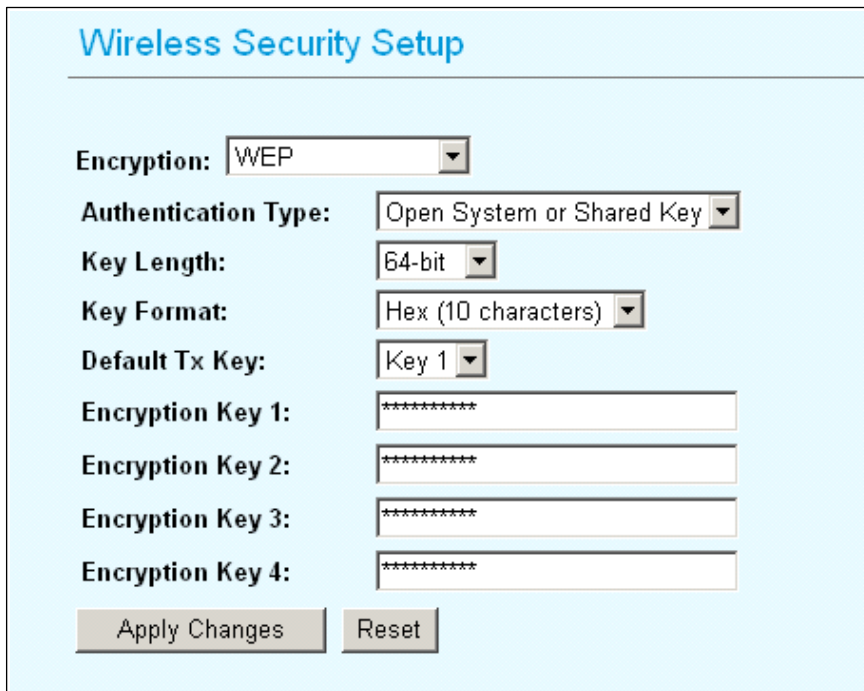
Here you can configure the security of your wireless network. Selecting different method will enable you to have different level of security. Please note that by using any encryption, by which data packet is encrypted before transmission to prevent data packets from being eavesdropped by unrelated people, there may be a significant degradation of the data throughput on the wireless link.

WL-5470POE provides WEP, WPA-PSK (TKIP), WPA2-PSK (AES) and WPA2-PSK (AES) security policy.



WEP

WEP allows you to use data encryption to secure your data from being eavesdropped by malicious people. It allows 2 types of key: 64 (WEP64) and 128 (WEP128). You can configure up to 4 keys using either ASCII or Hexadecimal format.



Key Settings: The length of a WEP64 key must be equal to 5 bytes and a WEP128 key is 13 bytes

Default Tx Key: You have to specify which of the four keys will be active.

Once you enable the WEP function, please make sure that both the WL-5470POE and the wireless client stations use the same key.

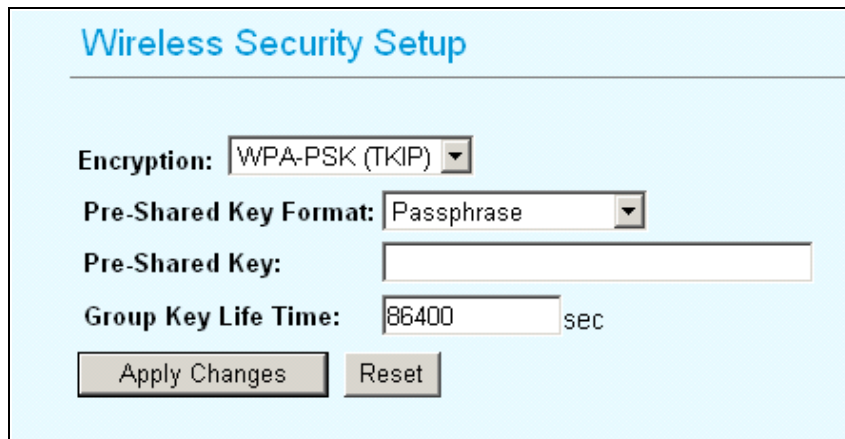


Some wireless client cards only allow Hexadecimal digits for WEP keys. Please note that when configuring WEP keys, a WEP128 ASCII key looks like **"This is a key"**(13 characters), while a WEP128 Hex key looks like **"546869732069732061206b6579"**(26 HEX) (hexadecimal notation are 0-9 and A-F).

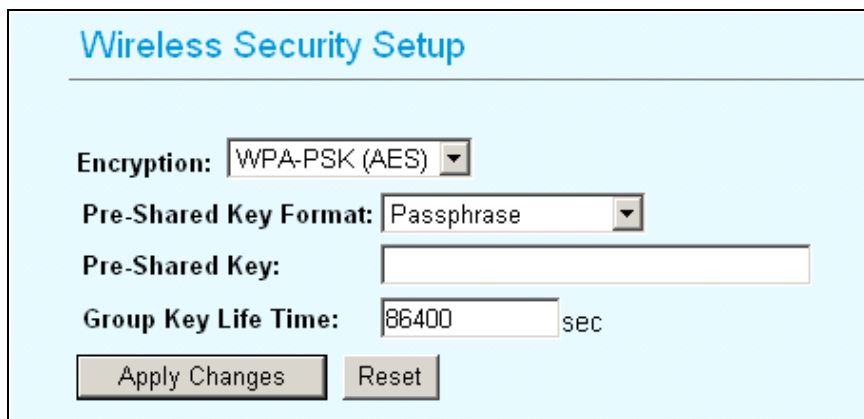
WPA-PSK (TKIP) / WPA-PSK (AES)

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) with Pre-Shared Key (PSK) provides better security than WEP keys. It does not require a RADIUS server in order to provide association authentication, but you do have to enter a shared key for the authentication purpose. The encryption key is generated automatically and dynamically.

There are two encryption types **TKIP** and **CCMP (AES)**. While CCMP provides better security than TKIP, some wireless client stations may not be equipped with the hardware to support it.



The screenshot shows the 'Wireless Security Setup' configuration page. The 'Encryption' dropdown is set to 'WPA-PSK (TKIP)'. The 'Pre-Shared Key Format' dropdown is set to 'Passphrase'. The 'Pre-Shared Key' field is empty. The 'Group Key Life Time' is set to '86400' seconds. There are 'Apply Changes' and 'Reset' buttons at the bottom.



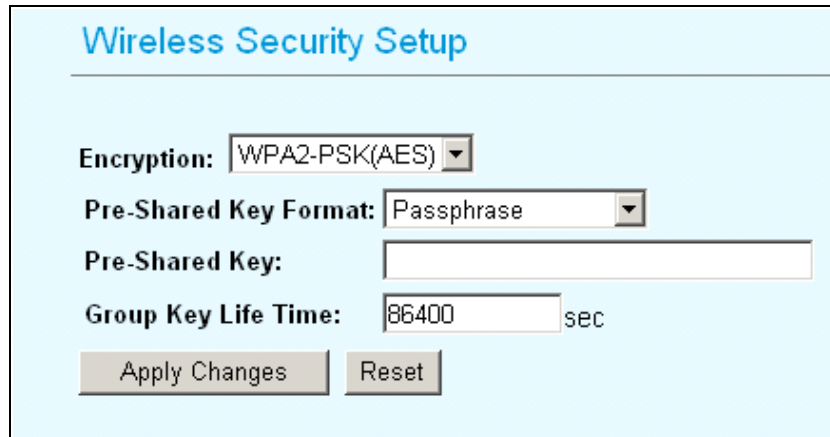
The screenshot shows the 'Wireless Security Setup' configuration page. The 'Encryption' dropdown is set to 'WPA-PSK (AES)'. The 'Pre-Shared Key Format' dropdown is set to 'Passphrase'. The 'Pre-Shared Key' field is empty. The 'Group Key Life Time' is set to '86400' seconds. There are 'Apply Changes' and 'Reset' buttons at the bottom.

Pre-shared Key: This is an ASCII string with 8 to 63 characters. Please make sure that both the WL-5470POE and the wireless client stations use the same key.

Group Key Life Time: A group key is used for multicast/broadcast data, and the re-key interval is time period that the system will change the group key periodically. The shorter the interval is, the better the security is. The default is 300 sec.

WPA2-PSK (AES)

Enter the Pre-shared Key to initiate WPA2 security. All devices try to access the network should have the matching encryption key.



The image shows a web-based configuration interface titled "Wireless Security Setup". It contains the following fields and controls:

- Encryption:** A dropdown menu with "WPA2-PSK(AES)" selected.
- Pre-Shared Key Format:** A dropdown menu with "Passphrase" selected.
- Pre-Shared Key:** A text input field, currently empty.
- Group Key Life Time:** A text input field with "86400" and a "sec" label to its right.
- Buttons:** "Apply Changes" and "Reset" buttons at the bottom.

Pre-shared Key: This is an ASCII string with 8 to 63 characters. Please make sure that both the WL-5470POE and the wireless client stations use the same key.

Encryption Type: There are two encryption types **TKIP** and **CCMP (AES)**. While CCMP provides better security than TKIP, some wireless client stations may not be equipped with the hardware to support it.

Group key Life Time: A group key is used for multicast/broadcast data, and the re-key interval is time period that the system will change the group key periodically. The shorter the interval is, the better the security is. The default is 300 sec.

802.1X (Radius)

Authentication by the remote server (RADIUS Server).

The image shows a screenshot of the 'Wireless Security Setup' configuration page. The 'Encryption' dropdown is set to '802.1x / RADIUS'. The 'Security' dropdown is set to 'None'. The 'Authentication RADIUS Server' section has a 'Port' field with '1812', and empty 'IP address' and 'Password' fields. There is an unchecked checkbox for 'Enable Accounting'. The 'Accounting RADIUS Server' section has a 'Port' field with '0', and empty 'IP address' and 'Password' fields. At the bottom are 'Apply Changes' and 'Reset' buttons.

This image shows the same 'Wireless Security Setup' page, but with the 'Security' dropdown menu open. The menu lists the following options: 'None' (highlighted), 'WEP', 'WPA (TKIP)', 'WPA (AES)', 'WPA2(AES)', and 'WPA2 Mixed'. The 'Authentication RADIUS Server' port is '1812' and the 'Accounting RADIUS Server' port is '1813'. The 'Apply Changes' and 'Reset' buttons are visible at the bottom.

Security: You can select None, WEP, WPA (TKIP), WPA (AES), WPA2 (AES), WPA2 Mixed method for data encryption.

- ⊙ **WEP:** 802.1x Authentication is enabled and the RADIUS Server will proceed to check the 802.1x Authentication, and make the RADIUS server to issue the WEP key dynamically. You can select WEP 64bits or WEP 128bits for data encryption.
- ⊙ **WPA (TKIP) / WPA (AES):** WPA-RADIUS authentication use WPA (Wi-Fi Protect Access) data encryption for 802.1x authentication. WPA is an encryption standard proposed by WiFi for advance protection by utilizing a password key (TKIP) or certificate. It is more secure than WEP encryption.
- ⊙ **WPA2-AES / WPA2-Mixed:** The two most important features beyond WPA to become standardized through 802.11i/WPA2 are: pre-authentication, which enables secure fast roaming without noticeable signal latency. Pre-authentication provides a way to establish a PMK security association before a client associates. The advantage is that the client reduces the time that it's disconnected to the network.

Authentication RADIUS Server: Enter the RADIUS Server IP address and Password provided by your ISP.

- ⊙ **Port:** Enter the RADIUS Server's port number provided by your ISP. The default is 1812.
- ⊙ **IP Address:** Enter the RADIUS Server's IP Address provided by your ISP.
- ⊙ **Password:** Enter the password that the AP shares with the RADIUS Server.

Accounting RADIUS Server: Enter the Accounting RADIUS Server IP address and Password provided by your ISP.

3.10 Advanced Wireless Settings

When click on Advanced Setup button under client mode, a pop-up window appears and show parameter as follow:

Fragmentation:

Fragmentation mechanism is used for improving the efficiency when high traffic flows along in the wireless network. If your 802.11g Wireless LAN PC Card often transmit large files in wireless network, you can enter new Fragment Threshold value to split the packet. The value can be set from 256 to 2346. The default value is 2346.

RTS Threshold: RTS Threshold is a mechanism implemented to prevent the “Hidden Node” problem. “Hidden Node” is a

Wireless Advanced Settings

Fragment Threshold: 2346 (256-2346)
RTS Threshold: 2347 (0-2347)
Beacon Interval: 100 (20-1024 ms)
Inactivity Time: 50000 (101-60480000 10ms)
Data Rate: Auto
Preamble Type: Long Preamble Short Preamble
Broadcast SSID: Enabled Disabled
IAPP: Enabled Disabled
802.11g Protection: Enabled Disabled
Tx Power Level: Default (About 18dB)
 Enable WatchDog
Watch Interval: 1 (1-60 minutes)
Watch Host: 0.0.0.0
Ack timeout: 0 (0-255, 0:Auto adjustment, Unit: 4µsec)
Set Default
Apply Changes Reset

situation in which two stations are within range of the same Access Point, but are not within range of each other. Therefore, they are hidden nodes for each other. When a station starts data transmission with the Access Point, it might not notice that the other station is already using the wireless medium. When these two stations send data at the same time, they might collide when arriving simultaneously at the Access Point. The collision will most certainly result in a loss of messages for both stations.

Thus, the RTS Threshold mechanism provides a solution to prevent data collisions. When you enable RTS Threshold on a suspect “hidden station”, this station and its Access Point will use a Request to Send (RTS). The station will send an RTS to the Access Point, informing that it is going to transmit the data. Upon receipt, the Access Point will respond with a CTS message to all station within its range to notify all other stations to defer transmission. It will also confirm the requestor station that the Access Point has reserved it for the time-frame of the requested transmission.

If the “Hidden Node” problem is an issue, please specify the packet size. The RTS mechanism will be activated if the data size exceeds the value you set..

The default value is 2347.

Warning: Enabling RTS Threshold will cause redundant network overhead that could negatively affect the throughput performance instead of providing a remedy.

This value should remain at its default setting of 2347. Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor modifications of this value are recommended.

Beacon Interval: Beacon Interval is the amount of time between beacon transmissions. Before a station enters power save mode, the station needs the beacon interval to know when to wake up to receive the beacon (and learn whether there are buffered frames at the access point).

Data Rate: By default, the unit adaptively selects the highest possible rate for transmission. Select the basic rates to be used among the following options: Auto, 1, 2, 5.5, 11 or 54 Mbps. For most networks the default setting is Auto which is the best choice. When Auto is enabled the transmission rate will select the optimal rate. If obstacles or interference are present, the system will automatically fall back to a lower rate.

Preamble Type: A preamble is a signal used in wireless environment to synchronize the transmitting timing including Synchronization and Start frame delimiter. In a "noisy" network environment, the Preamble Type should be set to Long Preamble. The Short Preamble is intended for applications where minimum overhead and maximum performance is desired. If in a "noisy" network environment, the performance will be decreased.

Broadcast SSID: Select enabled to allow all the wireless stations to detect the SSID of this Access Point.

IAPP: IAPP (Inter Access Point Protocol) is designed for the enforcement of unique association throughout a ESS (Extended Service Set) and a secure exchange of station's security context between current access point (AP) and new AP during handoff period.

802.11g Protection: The 802.11g standard includes a protection mechanism to ensure mixed 802.11b and 802.11g operation. If there is no such kind of mechanism exists, the two kinds of standards may mutually interfere and decrease network's performance.

Tx Power Level: For countries that impose limit on WLAN output power, it might be necessary to reduce TX (transmit) power. There are 7 TX Power Levels to choose from — select a level to make sure that the output power measured at the antenna end will not exceed the legal limit in your country.

Enable WatchDog: Check and enable this watch dog function.

Watch Interval: Setup the interval time for watch dog function between 1 to 60 mins.

Watch Host: Enter the watch dog host ip address.

Ack timeout: When a packet is sent out from one wireless station to the other, it will wait for an Acknowledgement frame from the remote station. If the ACK is NOT received within that timeout period then the packet will be re-transmitted resulting in reduced throughput. If the ACK setting is too high then throughput will be lost due to waiting for the ACK Window to timeout on lost packets. By having the ability to adjust the ACK setting we can effectively optimize the throughput over long distance links. This is especially true for 802.11a and 802.11g networks
You can set as default for auto adjustment.

3.11 Access Control

When Enable Wireless Access Control is checked, only those clients whose wireless MAC addresses listed in the access control list can access this Access Point. If the list contains no entries with this function being enabled, then no clients will be able to access this Access Point.

Wireless Access Control

Wireless Access Control Mode:

MAC Address: **Comment:**

Current Access Control List:

MAC Address	Comment	Select
-------------	---------	--------

Wireless Access Control Mode: Select the Access Control Mode from the pull-down menu.

- Ⓐ **Disable:** Select to disable Wireless Access Control Mode.
- Ⓐ **Allow Listed:** Only the stations shown in the table can associate with the AP.
- Ⓐ **Deny Listed:** Stations shown in the table won't be able to associate with the AP.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC Address of a station that is allowed to access this Access Point.

Comment: You may enter up to 20 characters as a remark to the previous MAC Address.

3.12 QoS Traffic Control

What is Traffic Control QoS?

Traffic Control is a great tool to control the bandwidth of the WISP subscribers. Therefore, the WISP operators can offer different class of connection speeds for different subscription fees - just like the ADSL service! The AirLive advance firmware can control the bandwidth by Interface or IP/MAC.

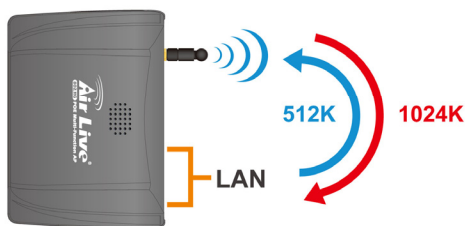


What type of Traffic Bandwidth Control does the firmware offer?

The Traffic Bandwidth limits the “Maximum Data Rate”. There are 2 types of Traffic Control it offers.

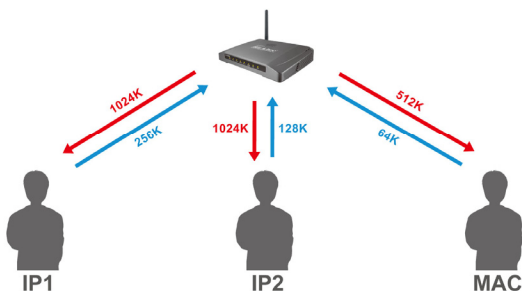
Interface Control

Interface Traffic Control



The interface QoS controls the data rate at the WLAN and LAN interfaces. Therefore, all traffics are controlled the same way. This type of traffic control is suitable when AP is used as a Client AP in “Client Mode” and WISP mode. So WISP can control the maximum data rate

Individual IP/MAC Control



Individual IP/MAC Control

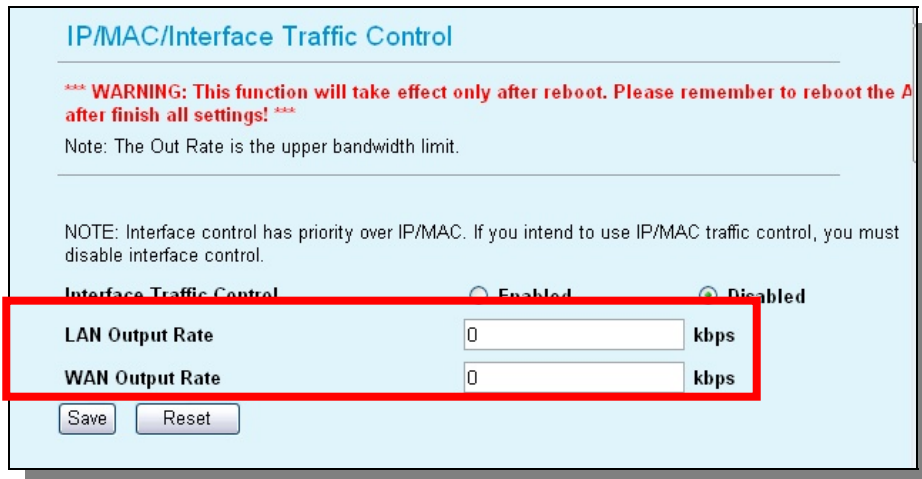
The AP can set the maximum data rate for each IP or MAC addresses. This type of traffic control is most suitable for outdoor AP in “AP” or “Gateway” mode.

What is the Output Rate?

The “Output Rate” is the data speed out of an interface. There are 3 types Output Rate supported by the AP

1. **LAN Output Rate**: This is the speed of the traffic out of the LAN port. In gateway mode, the LAN Output Rate includes both the wired LAN and WLAN interface.
2. **WLAN Output Rate**: This is the speed of the traffic out of the Wireless LAN
3. **WAN Output Rate**: This is the speed of the traffic out of the WAN port. In WISP mode, the WAN Output Rate also includes the WLAN interface.

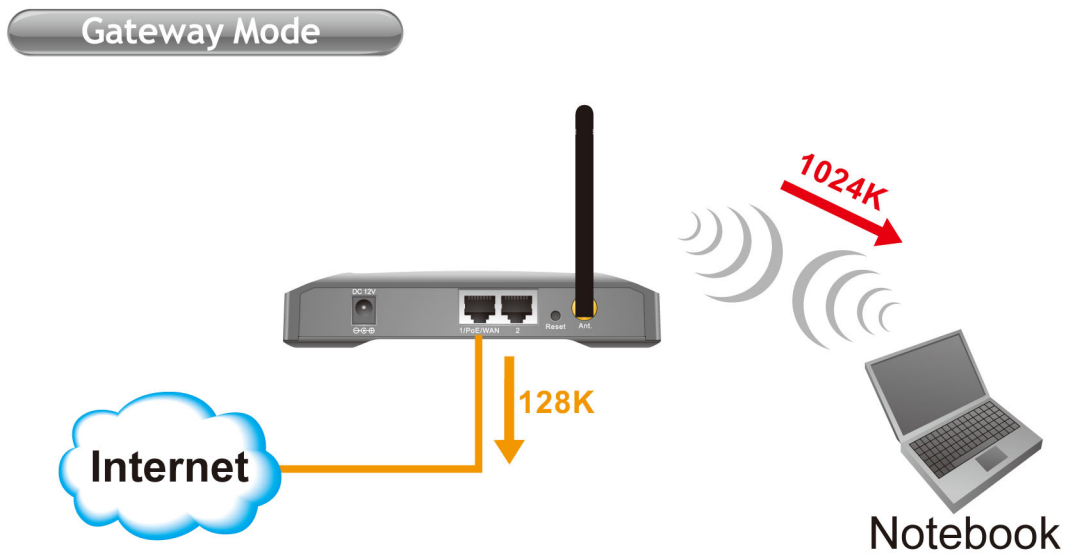
The AP's Web UI will tell you which types of output rate it supports, it differs in each wireless mode.



In the following example:

- The AP is in Gateway Mode
- The WAN Output Rate is 128K
- The LAN/WLAN Output Rate is 1024K

In this setup, the notebook users get an upstream bandwidth of 128K and downstream bandwidth of 1024K.



Configure the Traffic Control QoS

From the Mode Setting page, please choose the “Traffic Control(QoS)” on the bottom of the list.

The screenshot shows the 'AP Mode Settings' page. The 'Traffic Control (QoS)' option is highlighted with a red rectangular box. Other visible settings include: Alias Name: Wireless_AP, Band: 2.4 GHz (B+G), SSID: airlive, Channel Number: 11, Wireless Client Isolation: Disabled, Security: Setup, Advanced Settings: Setup, Access Control: Setup, and buttons for Apply Changes and Reset.

Once you click on the “setup” button, a new window will pop-up with the Traffic Control settings. They are divided into “A”, “B”, “C”, “D” section for further explanations.

The screenshot shows the 'IP/MAC/Interface Traffic Control' settings page. It contains four main sections, each highlighted with a red box and labeled with a letter:

- Section A:** Interface Traffic Control. Includes a note: "NOTE: Interface control has priority over IP/MAC. If you intend to use IP/MAC traffic control, you must disable interface control." It has radio buttons for Enabled and Disabled (selected), and input fields for LAN Output Rate and WLAN Output Rate, both set to 0 kbps.
- Section B:** Policy Name configuration. Includes a table for defining policies with columns for Policy Name, LAN Out Rate, WLAN Out Rate, and Comment. Below it is a 'Current Policy Table' with columns for Policy Name, LAN Rate (Kbps), WLAN Rate (Kbps), Comment, and Select.
- Section C:** IP control configuration. Includes a note: "Note: Only the Wireless LAN side client IPs are supported." It has a checkbox for 'Enable IP control' and a table for defining IP policies with columns for Policy Name, IP, LAN Out Rate, WLAN Out Rate, and Comment. Below it is a 'Current IP control table' with columns for Policy Name, IP Addr, LAN Rate (Kbps), WLAN Rate (Kbps), Comment, and Select.
- Section D:** MAC control configuration. Includes a note: "Note: Only the Wireless LAN side client MACs are supported." It has a checkbox for 'Enable MAC control' and a table for defining MAC policies with columns for Policy Name, MAC, LAN Out Rate, WLAN Out Rate, and Comment. Below it is a 'Current MAC control table' with columns for Policy Name, MAC, LAN Rate (Kbps), WLAN Rate (Kbps), Comment, and Select.

Red arrows point from each section to a corresponding text box on the right:

- Section A: "This section is the “Interface Control” session. You must disable the “interface Traffic Control” if you want to use the “IP/MAC Traffic Control”"
- Section B: "This section is for defining the “Policy” of “Individual IP/MAC Traffic Control”. Once a policy is defined, it can be chosen as template in IP/MAC Traffic Control Settings"
- Section C: "This section is to configure the bandwidth by IP address. You can control more than one IP address."
- Section D: "This section is to configure the bandwidth by MAC address. You can control more than one MAC address."

A. Interface Control Settings:

***** WARNING: This function will take effect only after reboot. Please remember to reboot the AP after finish all settings! *****

Note: The Out Rate is the upper bandwidth limit.

NOTE: Interface control has priority over IP/MAC. If you intend to use IP/MAC traffic control, you must disable interface control.

Interface Traffic Control Enabled Disabled

LAN Output Rate kbps

WLAN Output Rate kbps

In the Interface Control Settings, the AP only controls the total bandwidth limit of an interface. For example, if you want to limit the output data rate of the LAN to 512K and the output data rate of WLAN to 1024K. You should perform the following steps:

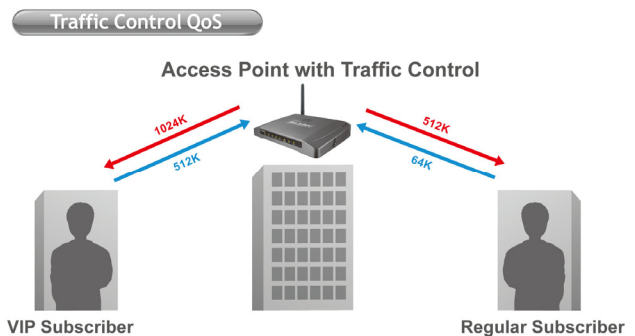
1. Enable the "Interface Traffic Control"
2. Enter "512" in the "LAN Output Rate"
3. Enter "1024" in the "WLAN Output Rate"
4. Click on "Save"
5. Reboot the AP.



B. Define Policy

A policy is a set of bandwidth rules that can be used as a template. For example, if you want to provide 2 kinds of bandwidth speed to the users:

- VIP Subscriber:
 - LAN Out Rate: 512 Kbps
 - WLAN Out Rate: 1024 Kbps
- Regular Subscriber:
 - LAN Out Rate: 64 Kbps
 - WLAN Out Rate: 512 Kbps



You can configure the bandwidth rule as policies "VIP" and "Regular".

Policy Name	LAN Out Rate	WLAN Out Rate	Comment
VIP	512 kbps	1024 kbps	VIP Subscriber

Current Policy Table:

Policy Name	LAN Rate (Kbps)	WLAN Rate (Kbps)	Comment	Select
VIP	512	1024	VIP Subscriber	<input type="checkbox"/>
Regular	64	512	Regular Subscriber	<input type="checkbox"/>

Please follow the step below to create a new policy “VIP”

1. Enter “VIP” for the “PolicyName”
2. Enter “512” for the “LAN Out Rate”
3. Enter “1024” for the “WLAN Out Rate”
4. Enter “VIP Subscriber” for the “Comment”
5. Click on “Save” button
6. Now the “VIP” policy will show up in the “Current Policy Table”

Once finished, the administrator will be able to choose the policy “VIP” for their IP/MAC Traffic Control.

C. Bandwidth Control by IP address

You can set the maximum bandwidth of a PC or a subscriber by using the IP Control.

Please follow the procedure below to setup IP Traffic Control

1. Please make sure the “Interface Traffic Control” is disabled
2. Before you start, please check the following area to see which client IPs are supported. It differs between each mode.

Note: Only the Wireless LAN side client IPs are supported. ← Please check this part to find out what IP addresses are supported. It varies between each mode

Enable IP control

Policy Name	IP	LAN Out Rate	WLAN Out Rate	Comment
VIP	192.168.0.250	512 kbps	1024 kbps	Subscriber A

Save Reset

Current IP control table:

Policy Name	IP Addr	LAN Rate (Kbps)	WLAN Rate (Kbps)	Comment	Select
VIP	192.168.0.20	512	1024	Subscriber A	<input type="checkbox"/>

Delete Selected Delete all Reset

3. Enable the IP Control
4. If you have defined a Policy already, please choose a Policy name. The “Out Rates” will be automatically pasted from the Policy template. You cannot change the Out Rates if you have chosen a Policy
5. If you want to define new Data Rate, please do not choose any policies. Then you can enter the values in the “LAN”, “WLAN”, or “WAN” Out Rates.
6. Press “Save” to save settings
7. Reboot your AP.

** If you want to control the traffic flow between the IPs in the same interface, please make sure both IPs are configured for the IP Traffic Control.*

D. Bandwidth Control by MAC address

You can set the maximum bandwidth of a PC or a subscriber by using the MAC Control.

Please follow the procedure below to setup MAC Traffic Control

1. Please make sure the “Interface Traffic Control” is disabled
2. Before you start, please check the following area to see which client MACs are supported. It differs between each mode.
3. Enable the MAC Control

Note: Only the Wireless LAN side client MACs are supported.

Enable MAC control

Policy Name	MAC	LAN Out Rate	WLAN Out Rate	Comment
VIP	004F60111111	512 kbps	1024 kbps	VIP Subscriber

Current MAC control table:

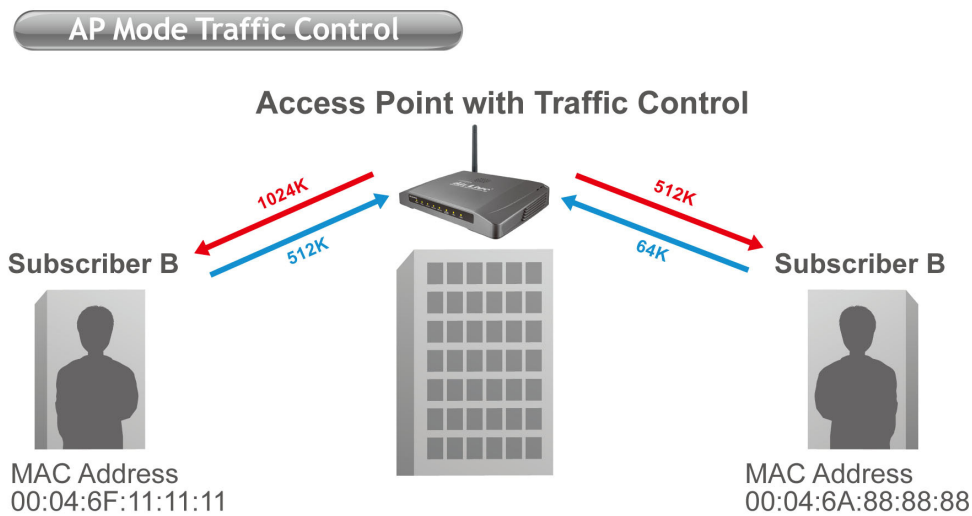
Policy Name	MAC Addr	LAN Rate (Kbps)	WLAN Rate (Kbps)	Comment	Select
VIP	00:4f:60:11:11:11	512	1024	VIP Subscriber	<input type="checkbox"/>

4. If you have defined a Policy already, please choose a Policy name. The “Out Rates” will be automatically pasted from the Policy template. You cannot change the Out Rates if you have chosen a Policy
5. If you want to define new Data Rate, please do not choose any policies. Then you can enter the values in the “LAN”, “WLAN”, or “WAN” Out Rates.
6. Press “Save” to save settings
7. Reboot your AP.

** If you want to control the traffic flow between MAC addresses in the same interface, please make sure both MAC addresses are configured for the MAC Traffic Control.*

Application Example

Example1: AP Mode Traffic Control



In this example, the AP is installed outdoor to provide Internet service. There are 2 different type of Internet service offered by the WISP:

- **VIP Service:**
 - Upstream Data Rate: 512 Kbps
 - Downstream Data Rate: 1024 Kbps
- **Regular Service:**
 - Upstream Data Rate: 64 Kbps
 - Downstream Data Rate: 512 Kbp

The Subscriber's information is as followed:

- Subscriber A
 - VIP Service
 - MAC Address of the PC or Wireless Client: 00:04:6F:11:11:11
- Subscriber B
 - Regular Service
 - MAC Address of the PC or Wireless Client: 00:04:6A:88:88:88

Step-by-Step Configuration

1. Please disable the "Interface Traffic Control"
2. On the Policy, please add the "VIP" and "Regular" policies as shown on the graph below

Policy Name	LAN Out Rate	WLAN Out Rate	Comment
VIP	512 kbps	1024 kbps	VIP Subscriber

Save Reset

Current Policy Table:

Policy Name	LAN Rate (Kbps)	WLAN Rate (Kbps)	Comment	Select
VIP	512	1024	VIP Subscriber	<input type="checkbox"/>
Regular	64	512	Regular Subscriber	<input type="checkbox"/>

Delete Selected Delete all Reset

3. Please enable the "MAC Control"

4. Please fill in the 2 entries as shown on the graphic below

Note: Only the Wireless LAN side client MACs are supported.

Enable MAC control

Policy Name	MAC	LAN Out Rate	WLAN Out Rate	Comment
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> kbps	<input type="text"/> kbps	<input type="text"/>

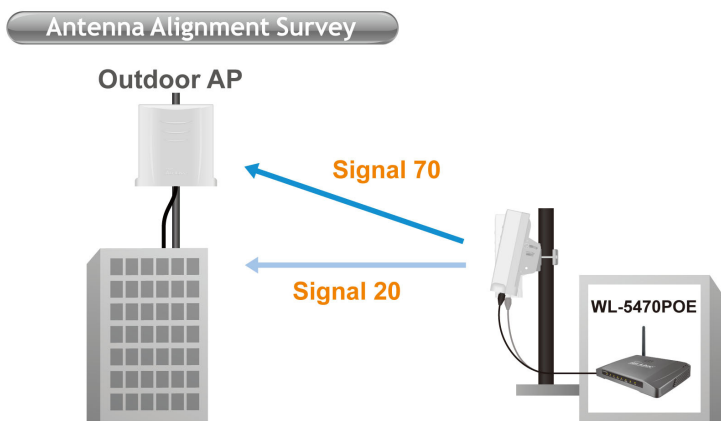
Current MAC control table:

Policy Name	MAC Addr	LAN Rate (Kbps)	WLAN Rate (Kbps)	Comment	Select
VIP	00:04:6f:11:11:11	512	1024	Subscriber A	<input type="checkbox"/>
Regular	00:4f:6a:88:88:88	64	512	Subscriber B	<input type="checkbox"/>

5. Reboot the AP

Example2: Client Mode Traffic Control

In the following example, the AP is used as the wireless client to the WISP Service. The Service provider need to restrict the bandwidth of the AP to 1024K Downstream and 128K Upstream.



Step-by-Step Configuration

NOTE: Interface control has priority over IP/MAC. If you intend to use IP/MAC traffic control, you must disable interface control.

Interface Traffic Control **Enabled** **Disabled**

LAN Output Rate **kbps**

WLAN Output Rate **kbps**

1. Please enable the "Interface Traffic Control"
2. Enter "1024" in the "LAN Output Rate" field
3. Enter "128" in the "WLAN Output Rate" field
4. Press "Save"
5. Reboot the AP

4. System Management

4.1 LAN Interface Setup

In this page, you can change the TCP/IP settings of this Access Point; select to enable/disable the DHCP Client, 802.1d Spanning Tree, and Clone MAC Address.

Air Live WLAN Access Point

Mode | Status | **TCP/IP** | Reboot | Other

LAN Interface Setup

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network which connects to the LAN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the setting for IP address, subnet mask, DHCP, etc...

IP Address: 192.168.100.252

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

DHCP: Disabled Server IP: 0.0.0.0

DHCP Client Range: 192.168.100.100 - 192.168.100.200 Show Client

DHCP Leased Time: 86400 (sec 86400sec is a day.)

Clone MAC Address: 000000000000

Disable Ping

Port Number: 80

Enable SSH:

Apply Changes Reset

Add DHCP Static Lease Client

MAC Address:

Lease IP Address:

Save Reset

Current Static Lease Clients:

MAC Address	Leased IP	Select
-------------	-----------	--------

Delete Selected Delete All Reset

IP Address: This field can be modified only when DHCP Client is disabled. If your system manager assigned you static IP settings, then you will have to enter the information provided.

Subnet Mask: Enter the information provided by your system manager.

Default Gateway: Enter the information provided by your system manager.

DHCP: Select Disable, Client or Server from the pull-down menu.

- ⊙ **Disable:** Select to disable DHCP server function.
- ⊙ **Client:** Select to automatically get the LAN port IP address from ISP (For ADSL/Cable Modem).
- ⊙ **Server:** Select to enable DHCP server function.

DHCP Client Range: WL-5060AP IP addresses continuing from 192.168.100.1 to 192.168.100.253

Clone MAC Address: You can specify the MAC address of your Access Point to replace the factory setting.

Disable Ping: WL-5470POE did not response LAN ping if this function is checked.

Port Number: The default http port of the web management interface. You can change the port number to prevent unexpected access.

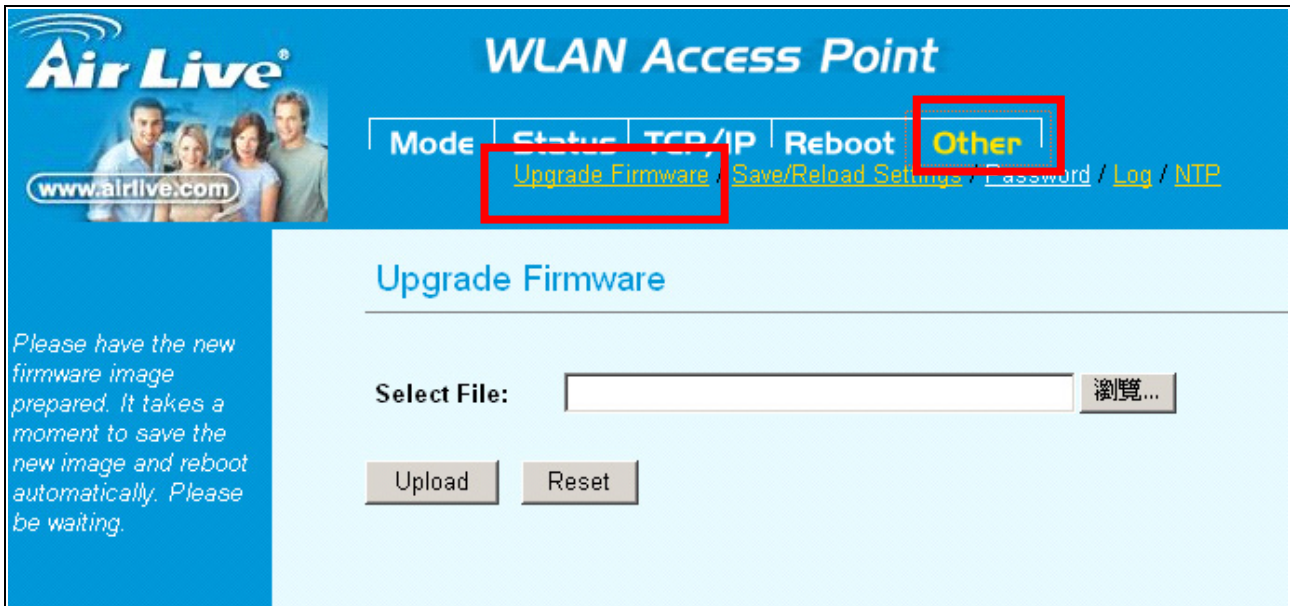
Enable SSH: Except telnet, WL-5470POE provides SSH for secure command line management. You can enable the feature here. This device supports SSH2 for advanced security.

Some of your devices could need to fix its IP address for convenience; you can record these IP to prevent conflict. This can be done by **Add DHCP Static Lease Client**.

MAC Address: You have to fill the MAC address of the device which you want to record in WL-5470POE.

Lease IP Address: And assign IP address to the MAC address.

4.2 Upgrade Firmware

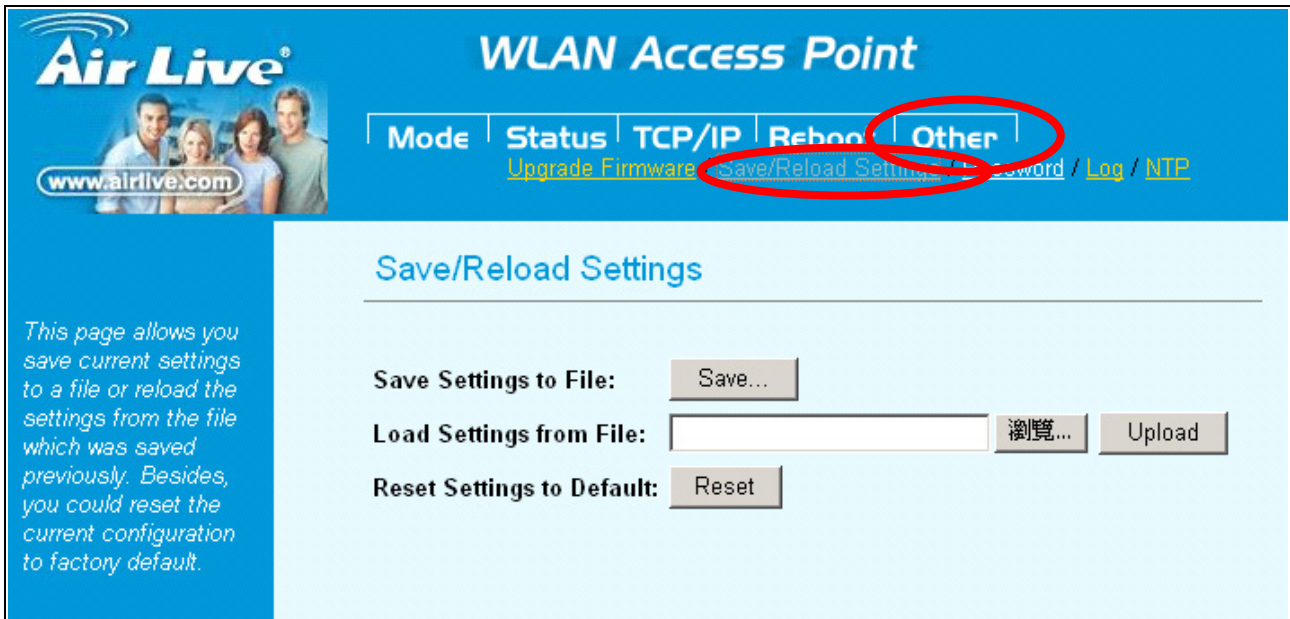


The screenshot shows the configuration interface for an Air Live WLAN Access Point. At the top, there is a navigation menu with options: Mode, Status, TCP/IP, Reboot, and Other. The 'Other' option is highlighted with a red box. Below the navigation menu, there are links for Upgrade Firmware, Save/Reload Settings, Password, Log, and NTP. The 'Upgrade Firmware' link is also highlighted with a red box. The main content area is titled 'Upgrade Firmware' and contains a 'Select File:' label, a text input field, and a '瀏覽...' (Browse) button. Below the input field are two buttons: 'Upload' and 'Reset'. On the left side of the page, there is a blue sidebar with the Air Live logo and a warning message: 'Please have the new firmware image prepared. It takes a moment to save the new image and reboot automatically. Please be waiting.'

To Upgrade Firmware:

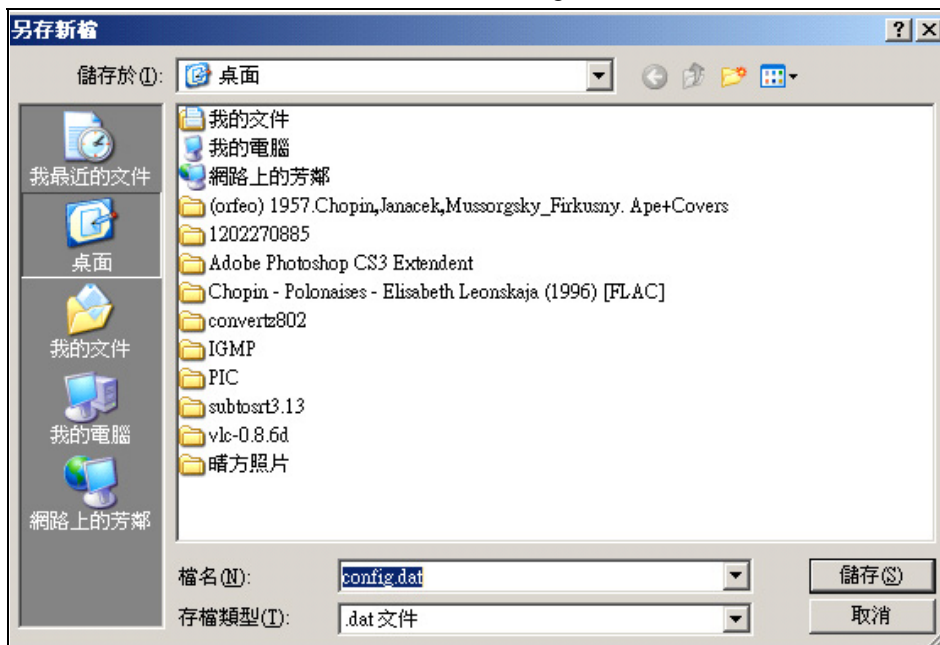
1. Download the latest firmware from your distributor and save the file on the hard drive.
2. Start the browser, open the configuration page, click on **Other**, and click “**Upgrade Firmware**” to enter the Upgrade Firmware window. Enter the new firmware’s path and file name (i.e. C:\FIRMWARE\firmware.bin). Or, click the “**Browse**” button, find and open the firmware file (the browser will display to correct file path).
3. Click Reset to clear all the settings on this page. Or click Upload to start the upgrade.

4.3 Save / Reload Settings



This function enables users to save the current configurations as a file (i.e. config.dat) To load configuration from a file, enter the file name or click Browse... to find the file from your computer.

Save Settings to File: Click “**SAVE**” to save the current configuration to file.



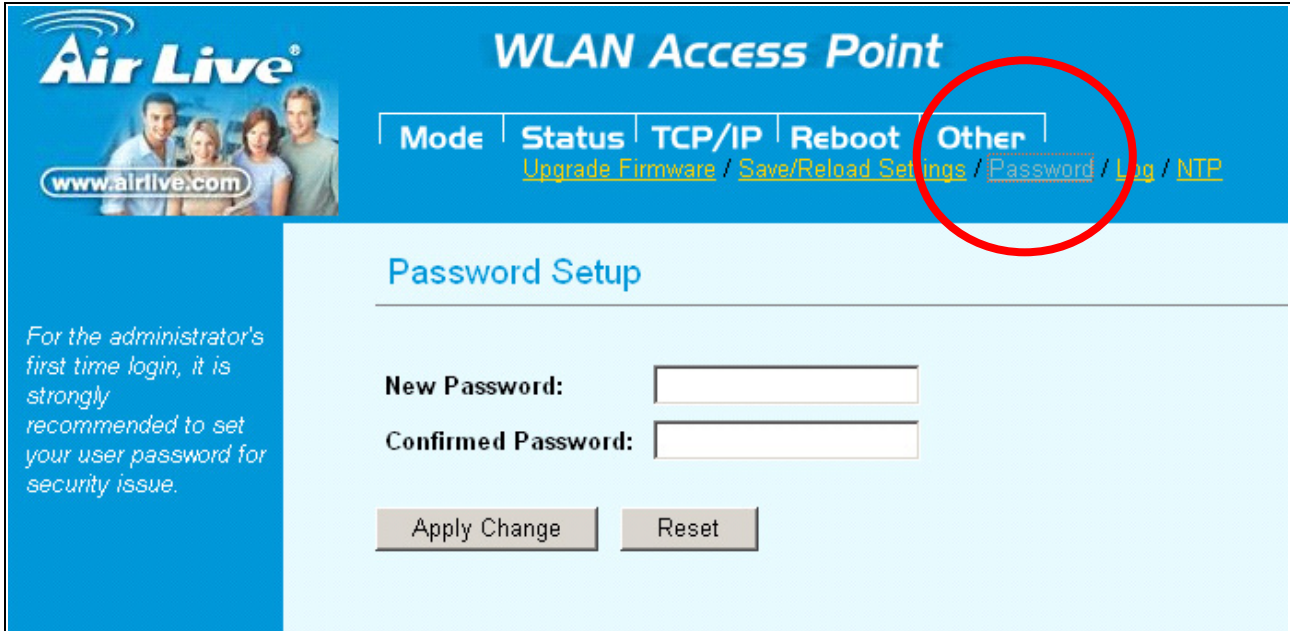
When prompted the upper left screen, select “**Save this file to disk**”, and the upper right screen will prompt you a dialog box to enter the file name and the file location.

Load Settings From File: Click “**Browse**”... if you want to load a pre-saved file, enter the file name with the correct path and then click on Upload. Or click Browse... to select the file.

Reset: Click to restore the default configuration.

4.4 Change Password

For secure reason, it is recommended that you set the account to access the web server of this Access Point. Leaving the user name and password blank will disable the protection. The login screen prompts immediately once you finish setting the account and password. Remember your user name and password for you will be asked to enter them every time you access the web server of this Access Point.



The screenshot shows the Air Live WLAN Access Point web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Mode, Status, TCP/IP, Reboot, and Other. The 'Other' link is circled in red. Below the navigation bar, the 'Password Setup' page is displayed. It features two input fields: 'New Password:' and 'Confirmed Password:'. Below these fields are two buttons: 'Apply Change' and 'Reset'. A sidebar on the left contains the Air Live logo and a message: 'For the administrator's first time login, it is strongly recommended to set your user password for security issue.'

New Password: Set your new password. Password can be up to 30 characters long. Password can contain letter, number and space. It is case sensitive.

Confirm Password: Re-enter the new password for confirmation.

4.5 Enable System Log

This function can list all log information about device.

The screenshot shows the 'System Log' configuration page of an Air Live WLAN Access Point. The page has a blue header with the 'Air Live' logo and 'WLAN Access Point' title. Below the header, there are navigation tabs: 'Mode', 'Status', 'TCP/IP', 'Reboot', and 'Other'. Under the 'Status' tab, there are links for 'Upgrade Firmware', 'Save/Reload Settings', 'Password', 'Log', and 'NTP'. The main content area is titled 'System Log' and contains the following text: 'This page can be used to set remote log server and show the system log.' Below this text, there are two checkboxes: 'Enable Log' and 'Wireless only'. Under 'Enable Log', there are two sub-options: 'System all' and 'Wireless only'. There is an 'Apply Changes' button below these options. A large empty text area with a scrollbar is provided for displaying log information. At the bottom of the page, there are 'Refresh' and 'Clear' buttons. On the left side of the page, there is a blue sidebar with the text: 'For the administrator's to check system log file.'

Enable Log: Enabled or Disabled display system log information.

System All: List system all log information.

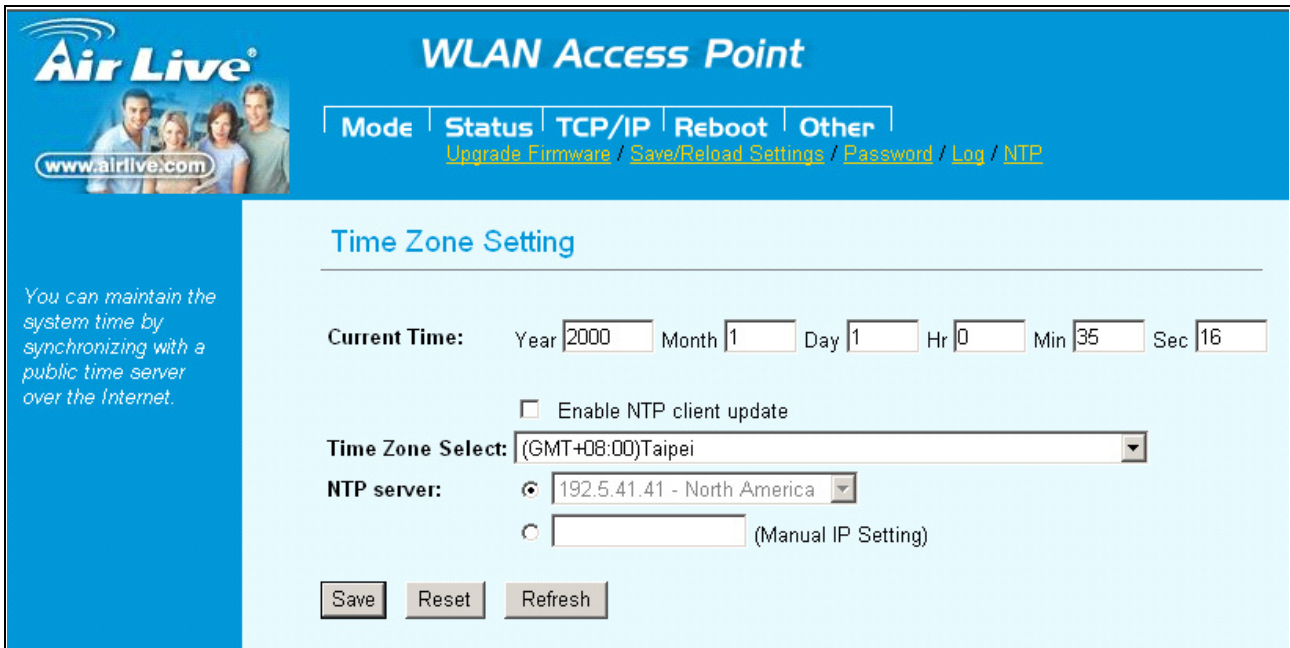
Wireless Only List: wireless log information only.

Refresh: Refresh log information.

Clear: Clear all information in window.

4.6 NTP Settings

This function can set system time from local computer or Internet.



The screenshot shows the configuration interface for an Air Live WLAN Access Point. The page has a blue header with the 'Air Live' logo and 'WLAN Access Point' title. Below the header are navigation tabs: 'Mode', 'Status', 'TCP/IP', 'Reboot', and 'Other'. Under the 'Status' tab, there are links for 'Upgrade Firmware', 'Save/Reload Settings', 'Password', 'Log', and 'NTP'. The main content area is titled 'Time Zone Setting'. On the left, there is a blue sidebar with the text: 'You can maintain the system time by synchronizing with a public time server over the Internet.' The main settings area includes: 'Current Time' with input fields for Year (2000), Month (1), Day (1), Hr (0), Min (35), and Sec (16); an unchecked checkbox for 'Enable NTP client update'; 'Time Zone Select' with a dropdown menu showing '(GMT+08:00)Taipei'; 'NTP server' with a radio button selected for '192.5.41.41 - North America' and another radio button for '(Manual IP Setting)'. At the bottom are 'Save', 'Reset', and 'Refresh' buttons.

Current Time: Setting system time

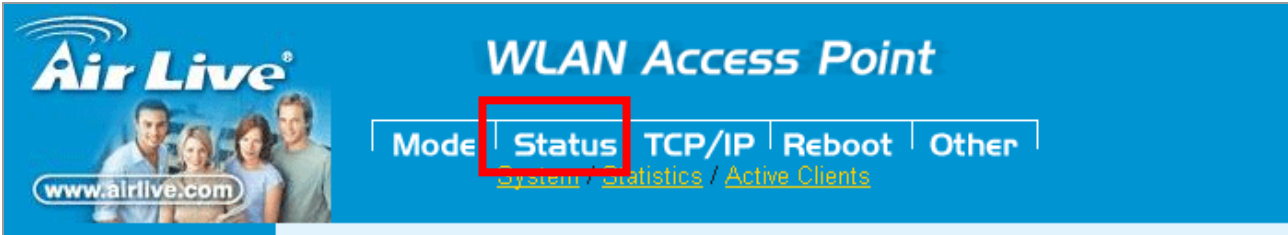
Enable NTP client update: Enable or Disable setting system from Internet NTP Server.

Time Zone Select: Select system time zone.

NTP Server: Select NTP Server by Server List or Manual Input.

5. System Status

System status shows device’s current configuration and operation status. To check the status, click the “Status” bottom on the title bar.



5.1 System Data

System data highlights the current configuration of the device.

System

System shows the alive time when device boots up and the current firmware version installed in the device.

Wireless

Wireless shows the current wireless operation mode, MAC address (Physical Address), wireless band, SSID, channel number, encryption method and associated clients of wireless interface.

LAN Configuration

LAN configuration shows the configuration of the Local Area Network interface.

Internet Configuration

Internet Configuration shows the current situation of internet connection.

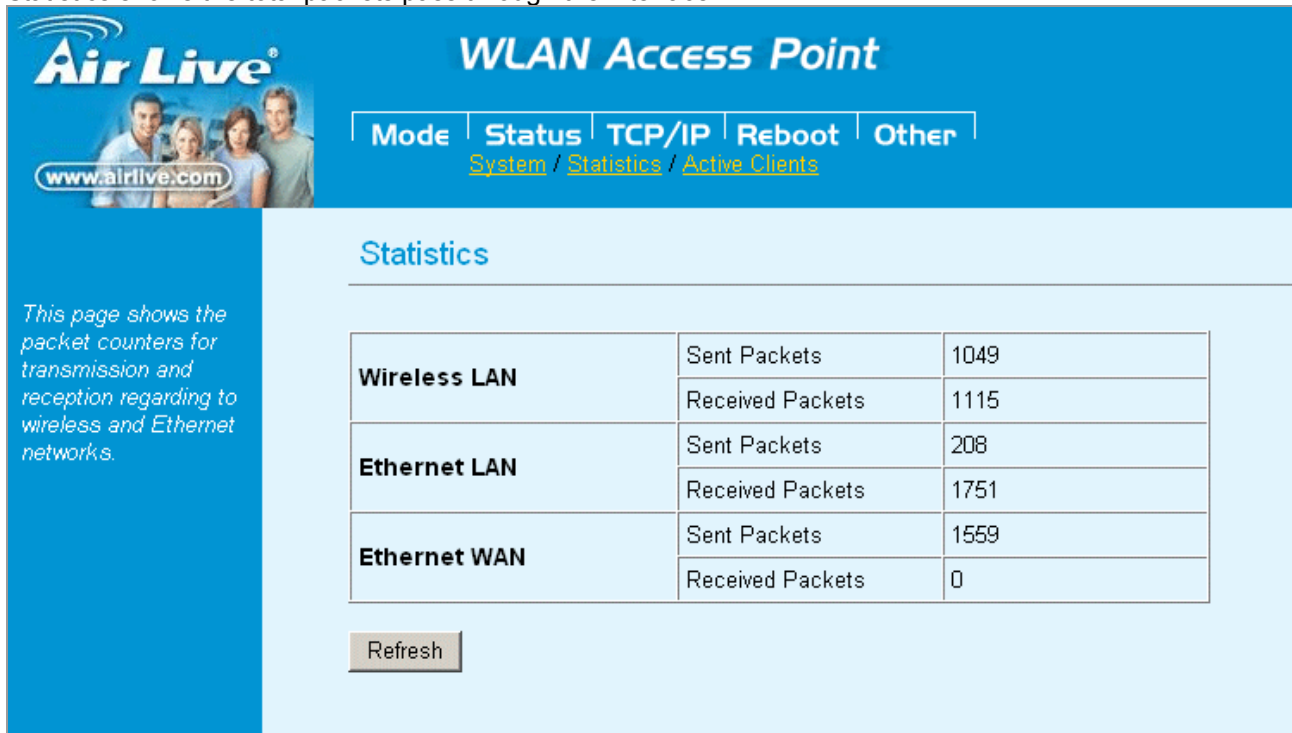
This page shows the current status and some basic settings of the device.

System Data	
System	
Uptime:	0day:0h:2m:59s
Firmware Version:	5470POE_sa_b2
Wireless	
Mode:	AP
Physical Address:	00:4f:62:00:09:03
Band:	2.4 GHz (B+G)
SSID:	aaa
Channel Number:	11
Encryption:	WPA2
Associated Clients:	0
BSSID:	00:4f:62:00:09:03
LAN Configuration	
Connection Method:	Fixed IP
Physical Address:	00:4f:62:00:09:01
IP Address:	192.168.100.252
Network Mask:	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
DHCP Server:	OFF
DHCP Start IP Address:	192.168.100.100
DHCP Finish IP Address:	192.168.100.200
Internet Configuration	
Connection Method:	Getting IP from DHCP server...
Physical Address:	00:4f:62:00:09:02
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Network Mask:	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0

Refresh

5.2 Statistics

Statistics shows the total packets pass through the interface.



Air Live
www.airlive.com

WLAN Access Point

Mode | Status | TCP/IP | Reboot | Other
[System](#) / [Statistics](#) / [Active Clients](#)

Statistics

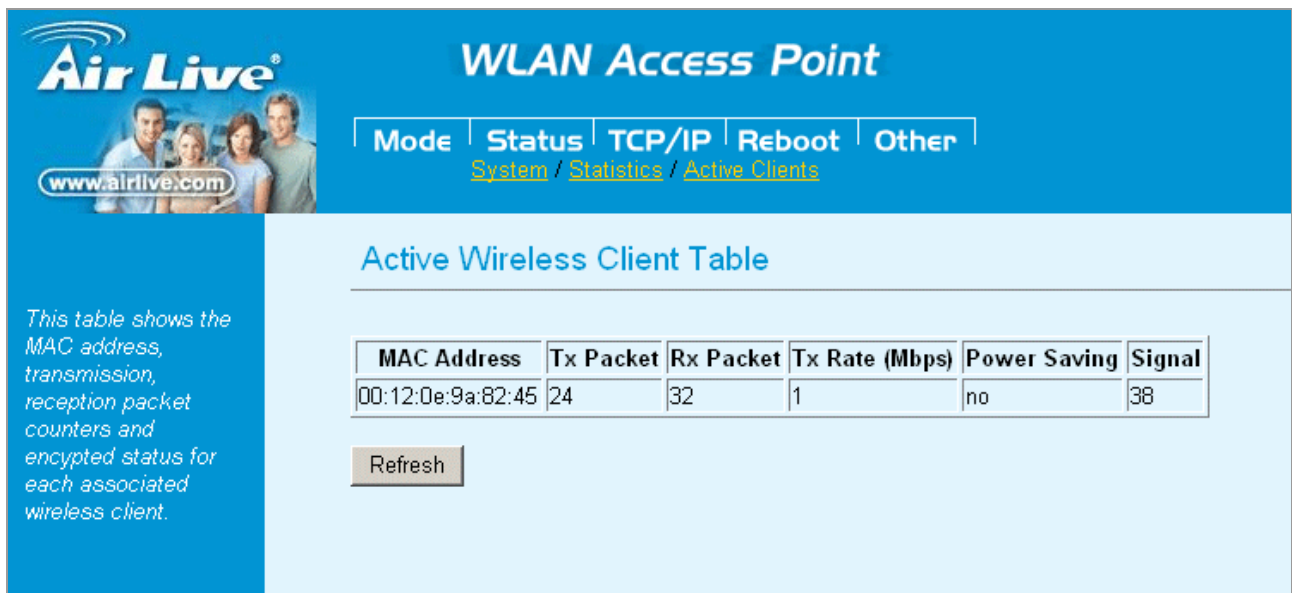
This page shows the packet counters for transmission and reception regarding to wireless and Ethernet networks.

Wireless LAN	Sent Packets	1049
	Received Packets	1115
Ethernet LAN	Sent Packets	208
	Received Packets	1751
Ethernet WAN	Sent Packets	1559
	Received Packets	0

Refresh

Active Clients

This feature shows the information of wired and wireless client connects to the device.



Air Live
www.airlive.com

WLAN Access Point

Mode | Status | TCP/IP | Reboot | Other
[System](#) / [Statistics](#) / [Active Clients](#)

Active Wireless Client Table

This table shows the MAC address, transmission, reception packet counters and encrypted status for each associated wireless client.

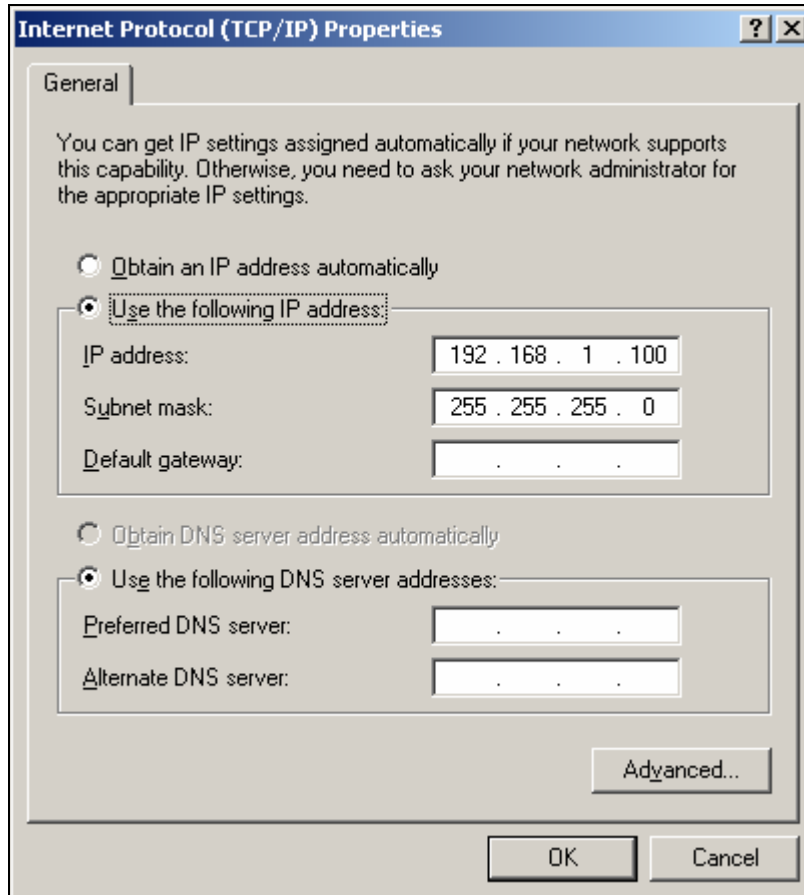
MAC Address	Tx Packet	Rx Packet	Tx Rate (Mbps)	Power Saving	Signal
00:12:0e:9a:82:45	24	32	1	no	38

Refresh

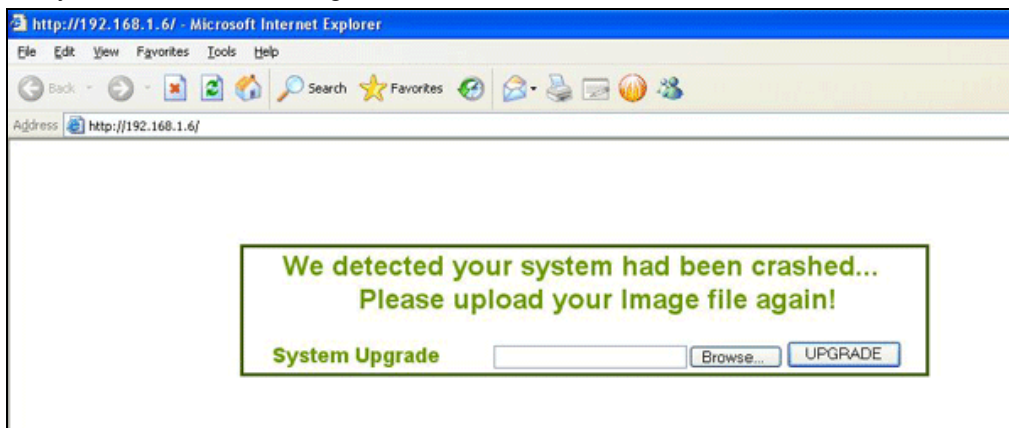
6 System Recovery

WL-5470POE provides the system **recovery emergency code** function that can restore the machine after firmware crashed. Please follow the steps below:

1. Unplug the power of WL-5470POE.
2. Hold the reset button while plugging the power. Do not release the reset button until the **"Status"** LED goes off.
3. Set your PC's IP address to 192.168.1.100. Connect your PC to the WL-5470POE.



4. Open your web browser, then type **"192.168.1.6"**. You should see the emergency code page where you can upload your AirLive firmware again.



7. Specification

Feature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 54Mbps Multi-function POE AP • 2 x 10/100Mbps ports, 4MB Flash, 16MB SDRAM • 20dBm(EU) or 26dBm(South America) Output Power • R-SMA antenna connector • IEEE802.3af PoE standard compliance* • 8 Wireless Operation Modes • Bandwidth Control and Signal Survey • Client Isolation, Watchdog, and TX Power Regulation • SSH2/HTTP/Telnet managements • DHCP Relay Agent Supported • Up to 40 Access Control List • ACK Timeout Adjustment • Watchdog, and TX Power Regulation
Hardware	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 x 10/100Mbps LAN Port, LAN1 1 with 802.3af PoE • 4MB Flash, 16MB SDRAM • Reversed SMA Antenna Port • Power, LAN, WLAN LED indicators
Antenna	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 dBi detachable Dipole Antenna • Reversed SMA Connector
Frequency Range	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • USA (FCC) 11 Channels: 2.412GHz~2.462GHz • Europe (ETSI) 13 Channels : 2.412GHz~2.472GHz • Japan (TELEC) 14 Channels :2.412GHz~2.483GHz
Modulation Technique	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 11g Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) • 11b Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) • Data Rate: 54, 48, 36, 24, 18,11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps
Output Power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 18dBm • Adjustable in 4 levels
WISP Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DHCP, PPTP, L2TP, PPPoE ISP Authentication Support • Wireless Client function as WAN • WISP mode is not the same router mode • To configure the WISP mode, you PC must be connected to the LAN port
Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 64/128-bit WEP • WPA/WPA2-PSK support • 802.1x Radius Support • WPA Enterprise support in AP/WDS mode
Configuration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Web/telnet/SSH2 Management • WDS (Bridge, Client, Repeater) mode

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hide ESSID • 802.1x • MAC Access Control • MAC Access Table • Wireless Client Isolation • SSID, Channel, RTS Threshold, Frag Threshold
Environmental	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operating temperature: 0~60°C • Operating humidity (non-condensing): 20~80% • Storage temperature: -20~65°C • Storage humidity: 95% Max
Power Supply	• DC12V / 48VDC(802.3af, LAN 1)
EMI	• FCC, CE
Product Weight (g)	• 180 g
Product Size (L x W x H (mm))	• 135 x 100 x 26mm

Appendix Command Line Management

WL-5470POE provides telnet and Secure Shell (SSH) for remote management. You can use telnet or some free software such as putty (<http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html>) as telnet/SSH client.

Refer to the following table for detail.

All commands will tack effect only after reboot

[Mode] Wireless Mode			
sys	operation	<0:AP 1:Client 2:Bridge 3:WDS Repeater 4:Universal Repeater 5:WISP 6:WISP+Universal Repeater 7:Gateway>	
[Mode] Basic Settings			
wlan	alias	[string]	
	active	[on off]	
	chid	[channel_id auto]	
	ssid	[ssid]	
	rssid	[rssid]	
	band	[b g bg]	
	mode	[client <infrastructure adhoc>]	
	clone	[mac_addr auto manual]	
	encrypt	[both wlan wan]	
	wds		
		peer	
			disp
			add [mac]
			delete [id]
			clearall
		encrypt	[off]
			wep [64 128] <ascii hex> <key>
			wpa [tkip aes] <pass hex> <key> [gklit]
			wpa2 [mixed aes] <pass hex> <key> [gklit]
	stp	[on off]	
	isolation	[on off]	
wlan	alias	[string]	
[Mode] Site Survey			
wlan	survey		
		connect	[id]
			(only support in Client, WISP, Universal Repeater Mode, WISP + Universal Repeater Mode)
[Mode] Security			
wlan	auth	[open share auto]	
	security		
		encrypt	[off]
			wep [64 128] <ascii hex> <1:key1 2:key2 3:key3 4:key4 > <key>

			wpa [tkip aes] <pass hex> <key> [gklt]
			wpa2 [mixed aes] <pass hex> <key> [gklt]
		1x	[off on <port> <ip_addr> <password> <wep [64 128] wpa [tkip aes] wpa2 [mixed aes]>]
		preauth	[on off]
		account	[off on <port> <ip_addr> <password>]
[Mode] Advanced Settings			
wlan			wlan
	preamble	[long short]	
	bssid	[on off]	
	iapp	[on off]	
	protect11g	[on off]	
	fragment	<256~2346>	
	rts	<0~2347>	
	beacon	<20~1024>	
	inactivity	<100~60480000>	
	datarate	<0~12>	
	txpower	<1~10>	
	watchdog	[off on <interval:1~60> <host>]	
[Mode] Access Control			
wlan			
	acl		
		disp	
		off	
		allow	
		deny	
		add [mac]	
		delete [id]	
		clearall	
[Mode] Wan Port			
wan			
	clone	[mac_addr]	
	dns	[auto manual]	
	static	[ip_addr <netmask> <gateway>]	
	dhcp	[on release renew]	
	pppoe	<username> <password> [svname 0 1 <service_name>] <auth_type> <mppe> <mtu_value> dynwan dynpppoe [connect 0 1 <timeout> 2]	
	pptp	<ip [server_ip] url [server_url]> <username> <password> <auth_type> <mppe> <mtu_value> [static <ip_addr> <netmask> <gateway> dynamic]	
	l2tp	<ip [server_ip] url [server_url]> <username> <password> <auth_type> <mppe> <mtu_value> [static <ip_addr> <netmask> <gateway> dynamic] <timeout>	
		auth_type: 0. PAP 1. CHAP 2. MSCHAP 3. MSCHAP2	
		mppe: 0. none 1. 40bits 2. 56bits 3. 128bits	
	link	[status set <mode>]	

	protocol	status	
sys	server	access	icmp <0:disabled 1:enabled>
	passthruvpn	ipsec <0:disabled 1:enabled>	
	passthruvpn	pptp <0:disabled 1:enabled>	
	passthruvpn	l2tp <0:disabled 1:enabled>	
[Mode] Virtual Servers			
ip			
	nat		
		server	
			disp
			delete [id]
			clearall
			add <ser_ip> <server> [proto <from_port [to_port]>]
			server: 0. Customize 1. Web, 2. FTP, 3. POP3, 4. SMTP, 5. DNS, 6. Telnet
			proto: 1. TCP+UDP, 2. TCP, 3. UDP
[Mode] Special Applications			
ip			
	nat		
		service	
			disp
			sap1 [on off clear edit <name> <in_proto> <in_from_port> <in_to_port> <trig_proto> <trig_from_port> <trig_to_port>]
			sap2 [on off clear edit <name> <in_proto> <in_from_port> <in_to_port> <trig_proto> <trig_from_port> <trig_to_port>]
			sap3 [on off clear edit <name> <in_proto> <in_from_port> <in_to_port> <trig_proto> <trig_from_port> <trig_to_port>]
			sap4 [on off clear edit <name> <in_proto> <in_from_port> <in_to_port> <trig_proto> <trig_from_port> <trig_to_port>]
			sap5 [on off clear edit <name> <in_proto> <in_from_port> <in_to_port> <trig_proto> <trig_from_port> <trig_to_port>]
			sap6 [on off clear edit <name> <in_proto> <in_from_port> <in_to_port> <trig_proto> <trig_from_port> <trig_to_port>]
			sap7 [on off clear edit <name> <in_proto> <in_from_port> <in_to_port> <trig_proto> <trig_from_port> <trig_to_port>]
			sap8 [on off clear edit <name> <in_proto> <in_from_port> <in_to_port> <trig_proto> <trig_from_port> <trig_to_port>]

			<trig_from_port> <trig_to_port>
			proto: 1. TCP+UDP, 2. TCP, 3. UDP
[Mode] Remote Management			
sys			
	server	access	web <0:disabled 1:enabled>
		port	web <portnum>
		access	telnet <0:disabled 1:enabled>
[Mode] URL Filtering			
ip			
	urfilter		
		customize	
			disp
			add [string]
			delete [id]
			clearall
[Mode] MAC Filtering			
ip			
	macfilter		
		customize	
			disp
			add [mac_addr]
			delete [id]
			clearall
[Mode] IP Filtering			
ip			
	ipfilter		
		customize	
			disp
			add [ip_addr]
			<1:tcp+udp 2:tcp 3:udp>
			delete [id]
			clearall
[Mode] Traffic Control(Qos)			
qos			
	disableif		
	enableif	lanoutput [output rate]	
		wanoutput [output rate]	
	addpolicytab	[Policy Name][LAN Out Rate][WAN Out Rate][[Comment]]	
	disableip		
	enableip		
	addiptab	[PolicyName][IP][[Comment]]	
	disablemac		
	enablemac		
	addmactab	[PolicyName][MAC][[Comment]]	
	show	policytab	
		iptab	
		mactab	
	delallpolicy		
	delallip		
	delallmac		
	delpolicy	[Policy]	
	delip	[IP]	
	delmac	[MAC]	
[Mode] DoS Setting			
dos			
	disabledos		

	enabledos		
	enable	<pre><clearall>[Packets/Second]<selectall>[Packets/Second]<sysfloodsyn>[Packets/Second]<sysfloodfin>[Packets/Second]<sysfloodudp>[Packets/Second]<sysfloodicmp>[Packets/Second]<persrcipfloodsyn>[Packets/Second]<persrcipfloodfin>[Packets/Second]<persrcipfloodudp>[Packets/Second]<persrcipfloodicmp><tcpudpportscan><icmpsmurf><ipland><ipspoof><ipteardrop><pingofdeath><tcpscan><tcpsynwithdata><udpbomb><udpechochargen><srcipblocktime>[sec]</pre>	
	disable	<pre><sysfloodsyn><sysfloodfin><sysfloodudp><sysfloodicmp><persrcipfloodsyn><persrcipfloodfin><persrcipfloodudp><persrcipfloodicmp><tcpudpportscan><icmpsmurf><ipland><ipspoof><ipteardrop><pingofdeath><tcpscan><tcpsynwithdata><udpbomb><udpechochargen><srcipblocktime></pre>	
[Mode] Dynamic DNS			
ddns			
	enabledyndns	<Domain Name><UserName/Email><Password/Key>	
	enabetzo	<Domain Name><UserName/Email><Password/Key>	
	disableddns		
	result		
[Status] Statistics			
ip			
	status		
[Status] Active Wireless Client Table			
wlan			
	association		
[TCP/IP] LAN Interface Setup			
ip			
	address	[addr]	
	subnetmask	[netmask]	
	gateway	[addr]	
	dhcp	on	[client server relay <server_ip>]
		off	
		client	
			[start_ip <end_ip>]
		status	
	dns	server	
			[ip1 <ip2> <ip3>]
		status	
[Reboot] Reboot System			
reboot			
[Other] Password			

sys			
	password	[pw]	(if [pw] is empty, then clear the password)
[Other] Save / Reload Setting			
save			
factorydefault			
[Other] NTP			
sys			
	ntp		
		showcurrenttime	
		setcurrenttime	<yyyy/mm/dd/hh/MM/ss>
		enablentp	
		timezoneselect	<zone num>
		ntpserver	<servernum>
			manualipsetting <ip>
		disablentp	
[Other] System Log			
sys			
	log		
		disable	
		enablesysall	[showsysall]
		enablewlanonly	[showwlanonly]
		clear	